



Investor Presentation

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Free Writing Prospectus Statement

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This presentation highlights basic information about us and the offering to which this communication relates. Because it is a summary, it does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our securities.

We have filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, which currently is in preliminary form) with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the offering to which this presentation relates. The registration has not yet become effective. Before you invest, you should read the preliminary registration statement (including the risk factors described therein) and other documents we have filed with the SEC for more complete information about us and this offering. You may access these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov.

The preliminary prospectus, dated January 21, 2020, is available on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/.

Alternatively, we or any underwriter participating in the offering will arrange to send you the preliminary prospectus and, when available, the final prospectus and/or any supplements thereto if you contact A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners, 590 Madison Avenue, 36th Floor, New York, NY 10022 or via telephone at 212-624-2006 or email: presentation@allianceg.com.

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In Phase 3 clinical development of TNX-102 SL¹ for Fibromyalgia

- Chronic pain condition

Fibromyalgia milestones (Phase 3 RELIEF study):

- 2nd Half 2020 - Interim analysis results expected
- 1st Half 2021 - Topline data expected

¹ TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an investigational new drug and has not been approved for any indication



CNS Candidates in Clinical Development

Pain, Psychiatry and Addiction

TNX-102 SL and TNX-601 owned outright with no royalties due

Pipeline Product	Indication	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	NDA ² /BLA ³	Market
TNX-102 SL¹ Cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets Protectic [®] formulation technology	<i>Bedtime treatment for Fibromyalgia</i>				Interim analysis results expected 3Q 2020 Topline results expected 1H 2021	
	Bedtime treatment for Agitation in Alzheimer's					
	Bedtime treatment for Alcohol Use Disorder ⁴					
TNX-1300⁵ Cocaine esterase (recombinant from bacteria) i.v. formulation	Cocaine Intoxication / Overdose					
TNX-601 CR⁶ Tianeptine oxalate oral controlled release formulation	Daytime treatment for Major Depressive Disorder					
	Daytime treatment for PTSD					
	Neurocognitive Dysfunction from Corticosteroids					

¹TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an investigational new drug and has not been approved for any indication; ²NDA- New Drug Application; ³BLA -Biologic Licensing Application; ⁴ Pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) meeting completed in October with FDA. Striped arrow reflects that TNX-102 SL for AUD is in the pre-IND stage; upon receiving FDA clearance of an IND application, it will be Phase 2 POC ready as it is expected to qualify for the 505(b)(2) pathway for approval; ⁵TNX-1300 (T172R/G173Q double-mutant cocaine esterase 200 mg, i.v. solution) is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication; ⁶Striped arrows reflect that TNX-601 CR is in the pre-IND stage in the U.S.; a Phase 1 study for formulation development was recently completed outside of the U.S.

Pipeline Product	Indication(s)	Category
TNX-1600 Triple reuptake inhibitor ²	Daytime treatment for PTSD	Psychiatry
TNX-1500 ³ Anti-CD154 monoclonal antibody	Prevention and treatment of organ transplant rejection Treatment of autoimmune conditions	Transplant Autoimmunity
TNX-1700 rTFF2 ⁴	Treatment for gastric and pancreatic cancers	Oncology
TNX-801 ³ Live horsepox virus (HPXV) vaccine from cell culture	Smallpox and monkeypox preventing vaccine	Biodefense
TNX-1200 ³ Live vaccinia virus (VACV) vaccine from cell culture	Smallpox and monkeypox preventing vaccine	Biodefense
TNX-701 ³ Radioprotection drug oral capsules	Protection from radiation injury	Biodefense

¹ Experimental new medicines and biologics, not approved for any indication

² (2S,4R,5R)-5-(((2-aminobenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)methyl)amino)-2-(bis(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol) is an inhibitor of reuptake of three monoamine neurotransmitters (serotonin, norepinephrine and dopamine)

³ Programs owned outright with no royalties due

⁴ Recombinant Trefoil Family Factor 2



TNX-102 SL

- Novel sublingual formulation of cyclobenzaprine HCl¹ designed for long-term daily use at bedtime
- Rapid absorption
- Transmucosal absorption bypasses first pass liver metabolism
- Dynamic pharmacokinetic profile with increase in cyclobenzaprine concentration during sleep induction and decrease leading up to awakening
- Cyclobenzaprine is the active ingredient of oral (swallowed) muscle relaxants, Flexeril® and Amrix®

TNX-102 SL is believed to treat fibromyalgia by improving sleep *quality*, in contrast to sleep *quantity*

- **Quality** involves restorative properties of sleep
- **Quantity** is time spent asleep
- TNX-102 SL targets clinical conditions for which improved sleep quality may have a therapeutic benefit
- Reduction in disease-specific symptoms with sleep improvement as a secondary endpoint

¹ Cyclobenzaprine is the active ingredient of oral (swallowed) muscle relaxants, Flexeril® and Amrix®



TNX-102 SL Intellectual Property – Patent Protection expected until 2035

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Composition of matter (eutectic): protection expected to 2034/2035

10 patents issued worldwide; 35 patent applications pending

Composition of matter (sublingual): protection expected to 2033

6 patents issued worldwide; 21 patent applications pending



Fibromyalgia

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Fibromyalgia is considered a neurobiological disorder characterized by¹: chronic widespread pain, non-restorative sleep, fatigue, diminished cognition

Believed to result from inappropriate pain signaling in central nervous system in the absence of peripheral injury¹

An estimated 6–12 million adults in the U.S. have fibromyalgia²

Causes significant impairment in all areas of life³

- Lower levels of health-related quality of life – reduced daily functioning
- Interference with work (loss of productivity, disability)

Fewer than half of those treated for fibromyalgia receive complete relief from the three FDA-approved drugs⁴

Inflicts substantial strain on the healthcare system

- Average patient has 20 physician office visits per year⁵
- Annual direct medical costs are twice those of non-fibromyalgia individuals⁶

¹ Phillips K & Clauw DJ, Best Pract Res Clin Rheumatol 2011;25:141.
² American Chronic Pain Association (www.theacpa.org, 2019)
³ Schaefer et al., Pain Pract, 2015.

⁴ The three drugs with FDA approval for the treatment of fibromyalgia: Pregabalin (Lyrica); Duloxetine (Cymbalta); Milnacipran (Savella)
⁵ Robinson et al, Pain Medicine 2013;14:1400.
⁶ White et al, J Occupational Environ Med 2008;50:13.



Large Need for New Fibromyalgia Therapies that Provide Broad Symptom Improvement with Better Tolerability

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Currently-approved medications may have side effects that limit long-term use¹

High rates of discontinuation, switching and augmentation

- Attempts to treat multiple symptoms and/or avoid intolerable side effects
- Average of 2-3 medications used simultaneously²
- Typical patient has tried six different medications³
- Medication-related side effects may be similar to fibromyalgia symptoms

Substantial off-label use of narcotic painkillers and prescription sleep aids³

- Among those diagnosed, more than one-third have used prescription opioids as a means of treatment⁴

TNX-102 SL is a non-opioid, centrally-acting analgesic that could provide a new therapeutic option for fibromyalgia patients

¹ Nuesch et al, Ann Rheum Dis 2013;72:955-62.

² Robinson RL et al, Pain Medicine 2012;13:1366.

³ Patient Trends: Fibromyalgia, Decision Resources, 2011.

⁴ Berger A, Dukas E, Martin S, Edelsberg J, Oster G, Int J Clin Pract, 2007; 61(9):1498-1508.



Potential Role of Sleep Quality in Fibromyalgia

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When the check engine light malfunctions, the light is on even though the car is not malfunctioning

Volkswagen Check Engine [Photograph]. (2011, October 14). Wikipedia

Believed to result from inappropriate pain signaling in central nervous system

- Absence of peripheral injury¹

Pain is a sensor system in the brain

- When the system malfunctions, the pain alarm is turned on even through there has been no peripheral nerve tissue injury

Improving sleep quality is believed to reduce pain and fatigue in FM

- Suggesting sleep dysfunction is pathogenic in FM

TNX-102 SL acts as a non-opioid, centrally-acting analgesic to aid in the management of fibromyalgia

¹ Phillips K & Clauw DJ, Best Pract Res Clin Rheumatol 2011;25:141.



Phase 3 F301/AFFIRM¹ Study Results of TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg in Fibromyalgia

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General study characteristics:

Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial in fibromyalgia at 35 U.S. sites (N=519)

Primary endpoint: Mean Pain

Mean change from baseline at Week 12 (TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg vs. placebo)

TNX-102 SL at bedtime once-daily
2.8 mg N= 262

Placebo at bedtime once-daily
N= 257

12 weeks → 12-week open-label extension

Efficacy analyses:

- Primary endpoint (30% responder analysis), p=0.095
- Key Secondary Endpoint: mean pain improvement after 12 weeks of treatment) (MMRM statistical method), p< 0.001
- Significant improvements in other secondary endpoints measuring sleep quality and sleep disturbances, fatigue, patient global impression of change, global physical health, and fibromyalgia symptom and function domains
- Good tolerability with most common adverse events generally mild and transient events related to the sublingual administration of the drug

¹ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier NCT02436096



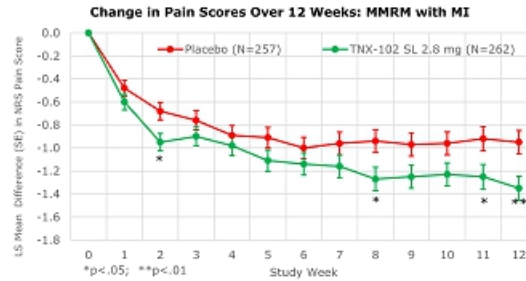
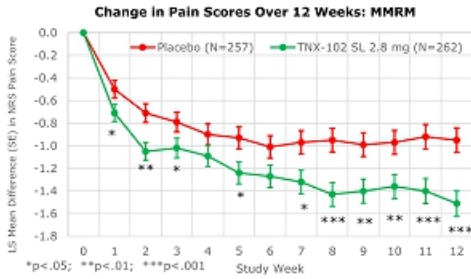
Phase 3 AFFIRM (F301) Study Results: Mean Pain Analyzed by Mixed Model Repeated Measures (MMRM), with and without Multiple Imputation (MI)

Pre-specified secondary analysis of AFFIRM:

- Mean Pain Analysis, MMRM
- TNX-102 SL N=262; Placebo N=257
- Difference in Least Square Mean (SE): -0.6 (0.15); 95% CI (-0.8, -0.3); p<0.001

Retrospective analysis of AFFIRM:

- Mean Pain Analysis, MMRM with MI*
- TNX-102 SL N=262; Placebo N=257
- Difference in Least Square Mean (SE): -0.4 (0.14); 95% CI (-0.7, -0.1); p=0.005
- Tonix intends to use MMRM with MI for analyzing the primary endpoint for the new RELIEF (F304) study, in line with current FDA statistical guidance on handling of missing data



*As will be the case for the RELIEF F304 primary analysis, all discontinuations due to Adverse Event and Lack of Efficacy are imputed using MI based on baseline values; all other discontinuations assumed to be Missing at Random and are imputed with MI using weekly data of subjects.
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TNX-102 SL for Fibromyalgia New Phase 3 Study: Higher (2x) Dose, New Primary Endpoint

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Clear guidance from FDA to advance fibromyalgia program using higher dose (5.6 mg)

Long-term safety of 5.6 mg dose collected in PTSD studies expected to support fibromyalgia NDA

Retrospective analysis of mean pain improvement after 12 weeks of treatment showed statistically significant improvement using both statistical methods: MMRM ($p < 0.001$) and MMRM with MI ($p < 0.01$)

MMRM with MI to be used going forward

First patient enrolled in the new Phase 3 RELIEF study in December 2019



TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg for Fibromyalgia: New Phase 3 F304/RELIEF¹ Study Enrolling

General study characteristics:

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in fibromyalgia in approximately 40 U.S. sites (N=470)
- Adaptive Design: one planned unblinded interim analysis based on 50% of randomized participants

TNX-102 SL once-daily at bedtime

5.6 mg (2 x 2.8 mg tablets)²

N= ~235

Placebo once-daily at bedtime

N= ~235

14 weeks

Primary endpoint (Week 14):

- Daily diary pain severity score change (TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg vs. placebo) from baseline in the weekly average as measured by the numerical rating scale (NRS), using mixed model repeated measures analysis with multiple imputation (MMRM with MI)

Key Secondary endpoints (Week 14) include:

- Patient Global Impression of Change (PGIC): Proportion of patients with a rating of "very much improved" or "much improved"
- Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire – Revised (FIQR): Symptoms Domain

Interim analysis results expected 2H 2020

Topline results expected 1H 2021 based on currently-planned sample size

Potential pivotal efficacy study to support NDA approval

¹ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT04172831

²Two week run in at 2.8 mg dose at bedtime, followed by 12 weeks at 5.6 mg dose



Common Adverse Events (AEs) Related to TNX-102 SL in prior Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) Studies

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Category of Adverse Reaction Preferred Term	P201			P301	
	Placebo (N=94)	TNX 2.8 mg (N=93)	TNX 5.6 mg (N=50)	Placebo (N=134)	TNX 5.6 mg (N=134)
Systemic Adverse Events**					
Somnolence	6.4%	11.8%	16.0%	9.0%	15.7%
Dry mouth	10.6%	4.3%	16.0%		
Headache	4.3%	5.4%	12.0%		
Insomnia	8.5%	7.5%	6.0%		
Sedation	1.1%	2.2%	12.0%		
Local Administration Site Reactions**					
Hypoaesthesia oral	2.1%	38.7%	36.0%	1.5%	37.3%
Paraesthesia oral	3.2%	16.1%	4.0%	0.7%	9.7%
Glossodynia	1.1%	3.2%	6.0%		
Product Taste Abnormal				3.0%	11.9%

*only adverse events (AEs) are listed that are at a rate of $\geq 5\%$ in any TNX-treated group

**no values in a row for either study means the AE in the active group(s) in that study was at a rate of $<5\%$

No serious and unexpected AEs related to TNX-102 SL

- Systemic AEs comparable between studies and also consistent with those described in approved oral cyclobenzaprine product labeling
- Severity and incidence of oral hypoaesthesia (oral numbness) are not dose related and similar in both studies

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Opportunities to Expand to Other Indications

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Role of sleep disturbance more established in common psychiatric and neurological/pain disorders

- Recognized as a core symptom of many of these disorders
- Traditional sleep medications, which increase sleep quantity, may not provide benefit (benzodiazepines in major depression) or are contraindicated

Psychiatric Disorders

- Stress Disorders (PTSD)
- Mood Disorders (Depression)
- Anxiety Disorders
- Addiction (Alcohol Use Disorder)

Psychiatric Symptoms of Neurological Disorders

- Agitation in Alzheimer's
- Psychosis in Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and other dementias

Chronic Pain States

- Chronic wide-spread pain (fibromyalgia)
- Osteoarthritis

Growing recognition that there are many disorders where sleep disturbances may have a role in the pathophysiology (cardiovascular, metabolic, neurologic)

- Sleep quality plays a homeostatic role *in several disorders*



TNX-102 SL: Potential Treatment for Agitation in Alzheimer's Disease (AAD)

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Agitation is one of the most distressing and debilitating of the behavioral complications of Alzheimer's disease

- Includes emotional lability, restlessness, irritability and aggression¹

Link between disturbed sleep and agitation in Alzheimer's¹⁻³

- Agitation is commonly diurnal (e.g., "sundowning")

Prevalence

- Agitation is likely to affect more than half of the 5.3 million Americans who currently suffer from moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease; expected to nearly triple by 2050⁴

Significant unmet need with no FDA approved drugs for the treatment of AAD

Proposed Phase 2 study can potentially serve as a pivotal efficacy study to support NDA approval⁵

¹Rose, K. et al. (2015). *American Journal of Alzheimer's Disease & Other Dementias*, 30:78

²Shih, Y. H., et al. (2017). *Journal of the American Medical Directors Association*, 16, 396.

³Canavelli, M., et al. (2016). *Frontiers in medicine*, 3.

⁴The Alzheimer's Association. 2017 Alzheimer's Disease Facts and Figures: <https://www.alz.org/facts/>

⁵FDA comments on final protocol received October 2018



TNX-102 SL: Potential Treatment for Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD)

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AUD is a chronic relapsing brain disease

- Characterized by compulsive alcohol use, loss of control over alcohol intake, and a negative emotional state when not using

Sleep disturbance is extremely common in alcohol recovery¹

- Significantly impacts daytime cognition, mood, and ability to participate in alcohol treatment, and is associated with increased risk of relapse

Prevalence

- An estimated 36 million adults in the U.S. have AUD²

Three FDA-approved medications

- Remains an unmet need due to compliance and safety issues

Pre-IND meeting with the FDA completed in October 2019

- Discussed 505(b)(2) development plan for TNX-102 SL as a treatment for AUD
- FDA official meeting minutes confirmed plan to submit IND application in 1Q 2020 for a Phase 2 Proof of Concept Study

¹Arnedt et al, J Addict Dis. 2007 ; 26(4): 41-54

²Grant et al, JAMA Psychiatry 2015; 72(8): 757-766; www.census.gov

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Recombinant protein that degrades cocaine in the bloodstream¹

- Double-mutant cocaine esterase (CocE)
- CocE was identified in bacteria (*Rhodococcus*) that use cocaine as its sole source of carbon and nitrogen and that grow in soil surrounding coca plants²
- CocE catalyzes the breakdown of cocaine into metabolites ecgonine methyl ester and benzoic acid

Phase 2 study completed by Rickett Benckiser (TNX-1300 was formerly RBP-8000)³

- Volunteer cocaine abusers received cocaine 50 mg *i.v.* infusion over 10 minutes
- TNX-1300 given one minute after completion of cocaine infusion
 - Rapidly reversed the physiologic effects of cocaine; cocaine plasma exposures dropped by 90% within two minutes
 - Well tolerated with the most frequently reported adverse events being gastrointestinal disorders (including dry mouth, nausea); nervous systems disorders (including headache, dizziness) and skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders (including hyperhidrosis, dermatitis)

*TNX-1300 (T172R/G173Q double-mutant cocaine esterase 200 mg, *i.v.* solution) is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication.

¹ Gao D et al, *Mol Pharmacol*. 2009. 75(2):318-23.

² Bresler MM et al, *Appl Environ Microbiol*. 2000. 66(3):904-8.

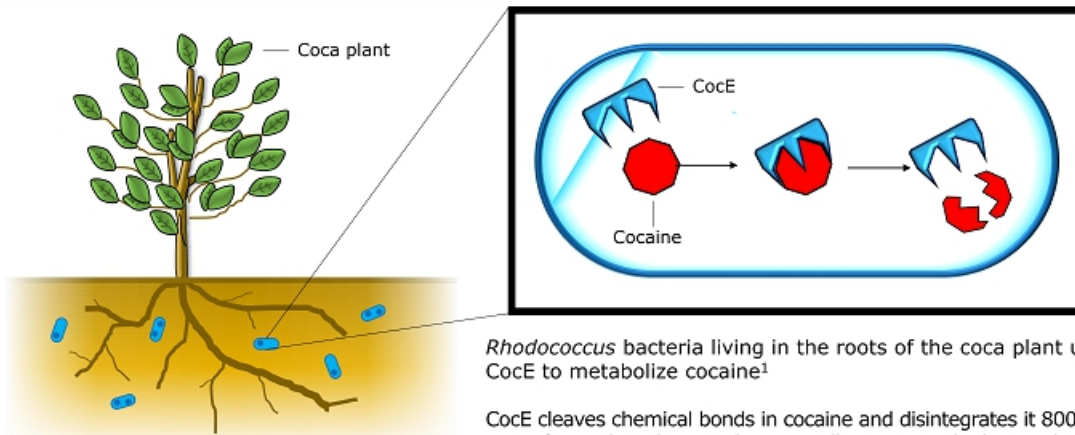
³ Nasser AF et al, *J Addict Dis*, 2014;33(4):289-302.

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TNX-1300 (Cocaine Esterase or CocE) Is a Fast-acting Cocaine Antidote

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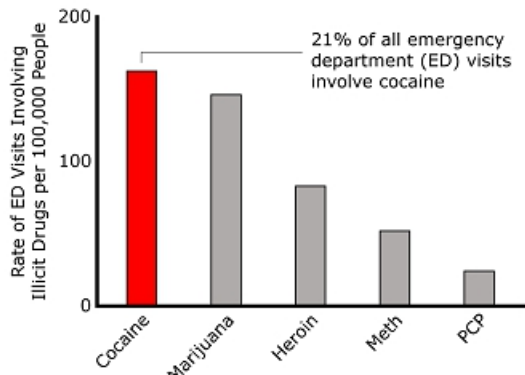
1. Narasimhan D et al. *Future Med Chem.* 2012.

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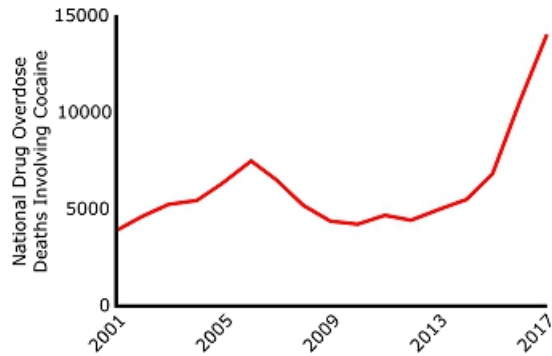


Cocaine Intoxication Is a Growing Problem in the U.S.

Cocaine is involved in more emergency department (ED) visits than any other illicit substance¹



Drug overdose deaths involving cocaine have increased dramatically in recent years²



1. CBHSQ, DAWN 2011, Rockville, MD: SAMHSA; 2013
2. NIDA, Overdose death rates.
<https://www.drugabuse.gov/related-topics/trends-statistics/overdose-death-rates>

Note: Figures are for illustrative purposes



TNX-601 CR* (Tianeptine Oxalate Controlled Release) Tablets

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Proprietary new controlled release formulation for once-daily dosing

- Suitability for once-daily dosing established in Phase 1 pharmacokinetic study, completed outside of the U.S.
 - Well tolerated in study and side effects were consistent with the known safety profile of tianeptine sodium
- Tianeptine sodium immediate release is approved and marketed outside of the U.S. for three times a day dosing for the treatment of depression
 - Once-daily dosing for TNX-601 CR believed to have an adherence advantage over three times a day dosing with tianeptine sodium
- Plan to request pre-IND meeting with FDA in first half 2020
- Plan for Phase 2 study in depression, ex-U.S., in second half 2020

Proprietary new oxalate salt with improved pharmaceutical properties

- Tianeptine oxalate is crystalline, while tianeptine sodium is amorphous

Issued patents directed to tianeptine and tianeptine oxalate

- **Composition of Matter:** Issued US patent directed to oxalate salt, U.S. Patent No. 10,449,203
- **Method of Use:** Issued U.S. and European patents directed to methods of treating cognitive impairment associated with corticosteroid treatment (U.S. Patent No. 9,314,469; European Patent No. 3246031)

**TNX-601 (tianeptine oxalate CR tablets) is in the pre-IND stage in the U.S. and has not been approved for any indication.*

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TNX-601 CR: A Potential Daytime Treatment for Depression and PTSD

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Depression: majority suffering from depression do not have an adequate response to initial antidepressant therapy

- Tianeptine sodium immediate release (IR) tablets for three times a day dosing is approved as an antidepressant in the EU, Russia, Asia and Latin America; first marketed for depression in France in 1989
- Tianeptine sodium is reported to have prominent anti-anxiety effects in depression with a low incidence of sexual side effects
- TNX-601 CR leverages the established efficacy and safety of tianeptine sodium IR as a treatment for depression outside of the U.S.
- Despite multiple approved products for depression in the U.S., there remains significant interest and need for new treatments, particularly for medicines that modulate the glutamatergic system

PTSD: heterogeneous condition, so not all patients are expected to respond to a single medicine

- TNX-601 CR modulates the glutamatergic system
- Published studies show tianeptine is active in the treatment of PTSD¹⁻⁴
- Leverages Tonix expertise in PTSD (clinical and regulatory, market analysis, etc.)

¹ Franžškovíc T, et al. Psychiatr Danub. 2011 Sep;23(3):257-63. PMID: 21963693

² Rumyantseva GM and Stepanov AL. Neurosci Behav Physiol. 2008 Jan;38(1):55-61. PMID: 18097761

³ Aleksandrovskii IA, et al. Zh Nevrol Psikhiatr Im S S Korsakova. 2005;105(11):24-9. PMID: 16329631 [Russian]

⁴ Onder E, et al. Eur Psychiatry. 2006 (3):174-9. PMID: 15964747



TNX-801 (Synthesized Live Horsepox Virus): A Potential Smallpox and Monkeypox Preventing Vaccine

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Pre-IND Stage

Potential improvement over current biodefense tools against smallpox

- ✓ Demonstrated protective vaccine activity in mice and macaques
- ✓ Collaboration with Professor David Evans and Dr. Ryan Noyce at University of Alberta

Currently approved smallpox and monkeypox vaccines

- ✓ Two vaccines are FDA approved for smallpox: ACAM2000[®] (vaccinia) and Jynneos[®] (MVA-BN) and only Jynneos is approved for monkeypox¹

Regulatory strategy

- We intend to meet with FDA to discuss the most efficient and appropriate investigational plan to support the licensure
 - ✓ Planning non-inferiority, active comparator study using an FDA approved product

Targeting a
Potential Public
Health Issue

Material threat medical countermeasure under 21st Century Cures Act

- Qualifies for **Priority Review Voucher (PRV)** upon licensure²
 - ✓ **PRVs have no expiration date, are transferrable and have sold for ~\$125 M**

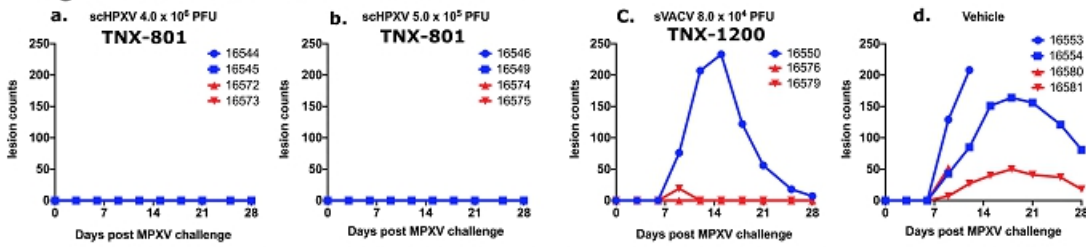
¹ACAM2000 is a registered trademark of Emergent BioSolutions and Jynneos is a registered trademark of Bavarian Nordic

²BLA/NDA priority 6-month review is expected.



No Overt Clinical Signs Observed in TNX-801 Vaccinated Macaques After MPXV Challenge¹

No monkeypox lesions observed after monkeypox (MPXV) challenge in any of the eight animals vaccinated with TNX-801



Legend: Cynomolgus macaques (4 per group), were vaccinated via scarification using a bifurcated needle. Two different doses of TNX-801 (scHPXV) vaccine were tested (panel a and b); one dose of TNX-1200 (sVACV)(panel c); or vehicle (panel d). After monkeypox (MPXV) challenge, no lesions were seen in any of the 8 animals vaccinated with TNX-801 (panel a and b). One animal in the TNX-1200 arm died from unrelated causes, and two of three remaining animals showed lesions by Day 69 (panel c). All four vehicle vaccinated animals developed lesions (panel d.) Clinical signs of systemic monkeypox infections were seen in all 4 vehicle-vaccinated animals (panel d) by Day 69, but TNX-801 and TNX-1200 vaccinated animals were protected. In Panels a-d, blue symbols are male animals and red are female.

Methods: 4 of 4 animals in the 4x10⁶ PFU dose, and 3 of 4 animals in the 5x10⁶ PFU dose groups exhibited a "take" at Day 7 after a single vaccination. A take is a biomarker of protective immunity. In the TNX-1200 (sVACV) arm only 1 of 4 animals exhibited a take after a single vaccination. The animals that did not present a take were revaccinated on Day 14: the one TNX-801 animal was revaccinated with 5x10⁶ PFU TNX-801 and the 3 TNX-1200 animals were revaccinated with 2.4x10⁵ PFU TNX-1200. All but one of the TNX-1200 animals subsequently produced a take. Tolerability was comparable for TNX-801 and TNX-1200.

¹Noyce, RS, et al. Synthetic Chimeric Horsepox Virus (scHPXV) Vaccination Protects Macaques from Monkeypox* Presented as a poster at the American Society of Microbiology BioThreats Conference - January 29, 2020, Arlington, VA. (<https://content.equisolve.net/tonixpharma/media/10929ac27f4fb5f5204f5cf41d59a121.pdf>)
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Pipeline Summary – by Select Therapeutic Areas

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Pain

- **TNX-102 SL – (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for fibromyalgia**
Phase 3/RELIEF

Psychiatry

- **TNX-102 SL – (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for agitation in Alzheimer’s**
Phase 2-ready
FDA Fast Track designation
- **TNX-601 – (tianeptine oxalate) for depression and PTSD**
Phase 2-ready, ex-U.S.
- **TNX-1600 – (triple reuptake inhibitor) for PTSD**
Pre-clinical

Addiction Medicine

- **TNX-1300 – (cocaine esterase) for cocaine intoxication**
Phase 2
FDA Breakthrough Therapy designation
- **TNX-102 SL – (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for alcohol use disorder**
FDA official meeting minutes confirmed plan to submit IND application for a Phase 2 PoC study

Biodefense

- **TNX-801 – (live horsepox vaccine) – for preventing smallpox**
Pre-clinical
- **TNX-1200 – (live vaccinia vaccine) – for preventing smallpox**
Pre-clinical
- **TNX-701 – (oral radioprotective agent) – for radioprotection**
Pre-clinical



Milestones – Recently Completed and Upcoming

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- ✔ May 2019 In-licensed TNX-1300, in Phase 2 development for cocaine intoxication
- ✔ October 2019 Completed long-term exposure studies in PTSD to evaluate tolerability of TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg
- ✔ October 2019 Met with FDA to discuss Phase 2 study for TNX-102 SL to treat AUD
- ✔ 4th Quarter 2019 Confirmed once-daily dosing for TNX-601 CR in PK study
- ✔ 4th Quarter 2019 Enrolled first patient in Phase 3 F304/RELIEF study for management of fibromyalgia
- ✔ February, 2020 Interim analysis results reported from Phase 3 P302/RECOVERY study in PTSD
- ❑ **1st Quarter 2020 Expect to submit IND application to support Phase 2 POC study in AUD**
- ❑ **3rd Quarter 2020 Interim analysis results from Phase 3 F304/RELIEF study in fibromyalgia expected**
- ❑ **2nd Half 2020 Expect to initiate Phase 2 study of TNX-601 CR in depression, ex-U.S.**
- ❑ **1st Half 2021 Topline data from Phase 3 F304/RELIEF study in fibromyalgia expected**



Management Team



Seth Lederman, MD
President & CEO



Gregory Sullivan, MD
Chief Medical Officer



Bradley Saenger, CPA
Chief Financial Officer



Jessica Morris
Chief Operating Officer





Financial Overview

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NASDAQ: TNXP

Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2019	\$10.0 million
Net proceeds from equity offering in 4Q2019	\$8.1 million
Common stock outstanding as of January 13, 2020	8.5 million shares



Thank you!