UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (date of earliest event reported): March 12, 2021

TONIX PHARMACEUTICALS HOLDING CORP. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-36019 (Commission File Number)

26-1434750 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

26 Main Street, Suite 101, Chatham, New Jersey 07928 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (862) 904-8182

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously s	atisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see
General Instruction A.2. below):	
☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.4	25)
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a)	-12)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	TNXP	The NASDAQ Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial

accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \square

☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Tonix Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp. (the "Company") updated its investor presentations, which are used to conduct meetings with investors, stockholders and analysts and at investor conferences, and which the Company intends to place on its website, which may contain nonpublic information. Copies of the presentations are filed as Exhibits 99.01 and 99.02 hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibits 99.01 and 99.02 attached hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 8.01 Other Events.

Dr. Richard Pierson, a Professor of Surgery and Scientific Director, Center for Transplantation Sciences at Harvard Medical School Teaching Hospital/Massachusetts General Hospital ("MGH"), and collaborator with the Company, presented preliminary results at an internal MGH meeting on using the Company's TNX-1500 product candidate as monotherapy or in combination with mycophenolate mofetil in eight heterotopic cardiac allograft transplants in non-human primates, and reported preliminary results from this ongoing experiment, that TNX-1500 appeared to have comparable efficacy to historical experiments using the chimeric mouse-human anti-CD40L monoclonal antibody (mAb) hu5c8. TNX-1500 contains a modified crystallizable fragment, or Fc domain, fused to the antibody combining region of ruplizumab, which is a humanized version of 5c8 mAb. The development of ruplizumab was halted because of an association with thrombosis. Dr. Pierson reported that in the non-human primate transplant experiments so far, no evidence of thrombosis had been observed with TNX-1500.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d)	Exhibit	
	No.	Description.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TONIX PHARMACEUTICALS HOLDING CORP.

Date: March 12, 2021 By: /s/ Bradley Saenge

/s/ Bradley Saenger Bradley Saenger Chief Financial Officer



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March 2021

Version P0280 3-11-2021 (Doc 0796)

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Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements

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Certain statements in this presentation regarding strategic plans, expectations and objectives for future operations or results are "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "forecast," "estimate" and "intend," among others. These forward-looking statements are based on Tonix's current expectations and actual results could differ materially. There are a number of factors that could cause actual events to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, risks related to failure to obtain U.S. Food and Drug Administration clearances or approvals and noncompliance with its regulations; our need for additional financing; delays and uncertainties caused by the global COVID-19 pandemic; substantial competition; uncertainties of patent protection and litigation; uncertainties of government or third party payor reimbursement; limited research and development efforts and dependence upon third parties. As with any pharmaceutical under development, there are significant risks in the development, regulatory approval and commercialization of new products. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation, even if subsequently made available by Tonix on its website or otherwise. Tonix does not undertake an obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by law. Investors should read the risk factors set forth in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 24, 2020, and periodic reports and current reports filed with the SEC on or after the date thereof. All of Tonix's forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by all such risk factors and other cautionary statements.



Who We Are - Mission And Purpose

Clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company that invents and develops medicines to help patients manage the central nervous system (CNS) and immunology diseases.

"Advancing science to improve patient care and public health"

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Our Pipeline – CNS Portfolio

	CANDIDATES	INDICATION	STATUS
		Fibromyalgia (FM) - Lead Program	Mid-Phase 3 - ongoing
	TNX-102 SL1	PTSD	Phase 3 ready
	114X-102 SL	Agitation in Alzheimer's	Phase 2 ready
		Alcohol Use Disorder	Phase 2 ready
CNS	TNX-1300 ²	Cocaine Intoxication / Overdose	Phase 2
Portfolio	TNX-1900 ³	Migraine and Craniofacial Pain	Clinical – pre-IND4
	TNX-2900 ⁵	Prader-Willi Syndrome	Clinical – pre-IND
	TNX-601 CR	Depression, PTSD, Neurocognitive Dysfunction from Corticosteroids	Clinical – pre-IND ⁶
	TNX-1600 ⁷	Depression, PTSD and ADHD	Preclinical

¹TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an investigational new drug and has not been approved for any indication.

²TNX-1300 (T172R/G173Q double-mutant cocaine esterase 200 mg, i.v. solution) is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication; licensed from Columbia University.

³Acquired from Trigemina; license agreement with Stanford University

⁴A Phase 2 trial under an investigator-initiated IND has been completed in the U.S. using TNX-1900

⁵Co-exclustive license agreement with French National Institute of Health and Medical Research (Inserm)

⁹TNX-601 CR is in the pre-IND stage in the U.S.; a Phase 1 trial for formulation development was recently completed outside of the U.S.

⁷Acquired from TRImaran Pharma; license agreement with Wayne State University



	CANDIDATES	INDICATION	STATUS
	TNX-1800	Covid-19 vaccine - Prioritized Program ¹	Preclinical
	TNX-2100	SARS-CoV-2 skin test for T cell immunity ²	Pre-IND
	TNX-2300	Covid-19 vaccine ³	Preclinical
Immunology Portfolio	TNX-801	Smallpox and monkeypox preventing vaccine4	Preclinical
FOILIONO	TNX-1500	Organ Transplant Rejection/Autoimmune Conditions ⁵	Preclinical
	TNX-1700	Gastric and pancreatic cancers ⁶	Preclinical
	TNX-701	Radioprotection	Preclinical

¹Live attenuated vaccine based on horsepox virus vector

²In vivo diagnostic: SARS-CoV-2 peptide epitope mixtures for intradermal administration to measure delayed-type hypersensitivity to SARS-CoV-2

³Live attenuated vaccine based on bovine parainfluenza virus vector; option for license with Kansas State University

⁴Live attenuated vaccine based on horsepox virus

⁵anti-CD40 humanized monoclonal antibody

⁶recombinant trefoil factor 2 (TFF2) based protein; licensed from Columbia University

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TNX-102-SL1: New Potential Treatment for the **Management of Fibromyalgia**

¹TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an investigational new drug and has not been approved for any indication.

Fibromyalgia (FM):

A chronic condition

Core symptoms:

- widespread pain
 sleep disturbance
- cognitive symptoms.

Significant disabilities (impaired daily function).

Course of disease can last decades

90% Treated With Pharmacotherapy

American Chronic Pain Association (www.theacpa.org, 2019)
 Waltit, B., Nahin, R.L., Katz, R.S., Bergman, M.J., Wolfe, F. (2015). The Previsience and Characteristics of Fibromyalcia in the 2012 National Health Interview Survey, PLoS One; 10(9): e0138024.
 Cocision Resources, Fibromyalia; 2012



Challenges with Current Pharmacotherapy

Limitations of Current Therapies

Fewer than half of those treated for fibromyalgia receive relief from the three FDA-approved drugs1

- Lack of overall response leading to discontinuation or augmentation
- . Lack of tolerability leading to discontinuation or reduction in dose (underdosing)

Current Treatment Patterns As A Result of Limitations

Switch Rates/Rotation/Discontinuation

Over 50% of patient starting an FDA approved therapy for FM switch or discontinue therapy after 12 months²

Polypharmacy

Average patient is using 2.6 drugs for treating their fibromyalgia, 50% of patients take 3 or more medications concomitantly³

Opioid usage is not uncommon

Market Dissatisfaction

Only 43% of patients indicated that they are satisfied with their medication for FM5

- Frost and Sulliven, 2010
 Liu et al., 2016
 Robinson et al., 2012; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromyalgia.
 Robinson et al., 2012; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromyalgia.
 Robinson et al., 2013; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromyalgia. . ised FM patients at one site

Ideal Treatment Profile:

Unmet Medical Need:

Current treatment patterns indicate that new, more effective, and better-tolerated treatments are necessary for management of FM¹

Treats FM as a syndrome

Relief from major symptoms (pain, sleep disturbances, fatigue) Reduces disability and improves daily living (global function)

Well tolerated with low discontinuation

- · Low systemic side-effects
- · No daytime somnolence
- · No weight gain or impact on sexual function

Suitable for chronic use

- · Not scheduled
- · Non opioid
- · Non abuse potential

Source: 1. Yang, et al, 2016

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TNX-102 SL: Engineered to Treat FM

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This unique formulation of cyclobenzaprine has been designed to optimize delivery and absorption, while minimizing the potential residual effects of oral formulations of cyclobenzaprine.

Innovative and proprietary Protectic® delivery technology

- · Overcomes mucosal absorption barrier
- · Allows sublingual (SL) administration to achieves relevant systemic drug exposure
- · Stable SL tablet formulation

Benefits of sublingual delivery

- · Rapid drug exposure following nighttime administration
- · Lower daytime exposure
- Avoids first-pass metabolism
 - · Reduces risk of pharmacological interference from major metabolite

No recognized abuse or dependency concerns



TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg: Results from Completed Positive Phase 3 RELIEF Study

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Completed Positive Trial in FM:

- · Topline results announced in December 2020
- · 503 participants randomized across 39 sites in U.S.
- · 95% of participants were women

Topline Efficacy Results:

- Achieved statistical significance in the pre-specified primary efficacy endpoint of reducing daily pain (p=0.01)
- Activity shown in key secondary endpoints measuring improvements in sleep and fatigue

Safety:

 Well tolerated; side effects consistent with known side effects of cyclobenzaprine; no new safety signals observed

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Positive Phase 3 F304/RELIEF Study: Design

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General study characteristics:

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in fibromyalgia in 39 U.S. sites (full sample size N=503)
- Adaptive Design: one unblinded interim analysis based on 50% of randomized participants

TNX-102 SL once-daily at bedtime

5.6 mg (2 x 2.8 mg tablets)1

N= 24

Placebo once-daily at bedtime

N= 255

- 14 weeks

Primary endpoint (Week 14):

 Daily diary pain severity score change (TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg vs. placebo) from baseline in the weekly average as measured by the numerical rating scale (NRS), using mixed model repeated measures analysis with multiple imputation (MMRM with MI)

Key Secondary endpoints (Week 14):

- · Patient Global Impression of Change responder analysis
- Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire Revised (FIQ-R) Symptom Domain score
- FIQ-R Function Domain score
- PROMIS Sleep Disturbance instrument T-score
- · PROMIS Fatigue instrument T-score
- Weekly average of the daily diary assessment of sleep quality

Pivotal efficacy study to support NDA approval

¹Two week run- in at 2.8 mg dose at bedtime, followed by 12 weeks at 5.6 mg dose



F304/RELIEF Study Topline Data: Statistical Significance Achieved on Pre-specified Primary Efficacy Endpoint (p=0.01)

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Primary Outcome Measure at Week 14	Placebo (N=255)	TNX-102 SL ² (N=248)	Treatment Difference	P value
			Difference in LS Mean Change from Baseline Between TNX-102 SL and Placebo (SE)	
Daily Pain Diary, NRS	-1.5 (0.12)	-1.9 (0.12)	-0.4 (0.16)	0.010*

Statistical Method: Mixed Model Repeated Measures analysis with Multiple Imputation

- *p<0.0452 (requisite p-value hurdle for full study after Interim Analysis)

 1 Same primary endpoint analysis for FDA approvals of Cymbalta® and Lyrica® in fibromyalgia
- Abbreviations: LS = least squares; NRS = numeric rating scale; SE = standard error
- Primary efficacy analysis also supported by an exploratory 30% responder analysis of daily diary pain, which indicated 46.8% on TNX-102 SL versus 34.9% on placebo achieved a 30 percent or greater reduction in pain (logistic regression; odds ratio [95% CI]: 1.67 [1.16, 2.40]; p=0.006)
 - 30% responder analysis was the primary analysis in F301 AFFIRM study of TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg
 - Also was the same primary endpoint analysis for FDA approval of Savella® for fibromyalgia

² TNX-102 SL is in clinical stage of development and not approved for any indication

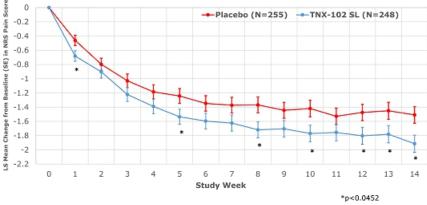
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F304/RELIEF Study: Primary Efficacy **Endpoint Results (continued)**

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F304/RELIEF Study: Key Secondary Efficacy Endpoints

Outcome Measure at Week 14	Intent-to-Treat Analysis ¹	<i>P</i> -value
Non-Specific		
Patient Global Impression of Change	Responder Analysis: Proportion "Much Improved" or "Very Much Improved"	0.058
Fibromyalgia Syndrome-Related		
FIQ-R Symptom Domain	Mean Change from Baseline	0.007#
FIQ-R Function Domain	Mean Change from Baseline	0.009#
PROMIS Fatigue	Mean Change from Baseline	0.018#
Daily Sleep Quality Diary, NRS	Mean Change from Baseline	<0.001#
PROMIS Sleep Disturbance	Mean Change from Baseline	<0.001#

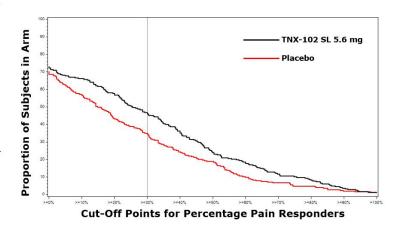
^{*} nominally significant at p<0.0452

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F304/RELIEF Study: Continuous Responder Analysis (CRA) Graph

- The CRA graph allows one to see the proportion of responders over an entire range of cut-off points
- For example, >=30% improvement in pain is considered clinically meaningful in pain studies
- Looking at that vertical line at >=30% and visualizing a horizontal line to the y-axis tells you the proportion of each arm that achieved that level of pain improvement or better (47% for TNX-102 SL and 35% for placebo)
- It can be seen that TNX-102 SL separates from placebo, always at a higher proportion, up to about >=95% improvement



<sup>Combined periods (pre- and post-interim analysis); responder analysis is by Logistic Regression (missing = non-responder); the five mean change analyses are by Mixed Model Repeated Measures with Multiple Imputation
Abbreviations: FIQ-R = Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire – Revised; NRS = numeric rating scale; PROMIS = Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System</sup>

^{*}TNX-102 SL is in clinical stage of development and not approved for any indication



Adverse Events* (AEs) in F304/RELIEF Study

	TNX-102 SL (N=248)		Placebo (N=255)		Total (N=503)	
Administration Site Reactions	N	%	N	%	N	%
Tongue/mouth numbness	43	17.3	2	0.8	45	8.9
Tongue/mouth pain/discomfort	29	11.7	5	2.0	34	6.8
Taste impairment	16	6.5	1	0.4	17	3.4
Tongue/mouth tingling	14	5.6	1	0.4	15	3.0
Systemic Adverse Events	N	%	N	%	N	%
Somnolence/Sedation	14	5.6	3	1.2	17	3.4

^{*} Table reports only AEs at rate of greater than 5% in either treatment arm

No serious and unexpected AEs in RELIEF related to TNX-102 SL

- · Systemic AEs comparable with prior studies and consistent with approved oral cyclobenzaprine product labeling
- · Oral AEs similar to prior studies with TNX-102 SL, although tongue/mouth numbness at about half the rate in RELIEF

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Safety and Tolerability in F304/RELIEF Study

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- · No new safety signals in RELIEF at TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg dose
- · 82.3% in active arm and 83.5% in placebo arm completed the study
- 8.9% in active arm and 3.9% in placebo arm discontinued due to adverse events
- 7 SAEs in study: 2 in active arm and 5 in placebo arm
 - Of 2 in active arm, one was motor vehicle accident with multiple bone fractures, and other was pneumonia due to infection; both deemed unrelated to TNX-102 SL
- · Similar oral administration site reactions as in prior studies with TNX-102 SL
- Overall low rates of systemic side effects, highest being somnolence/sedation at 5.6% in active group, 1.2% in placebo



TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg for Fibromyalgia: 2nd Phase 3 F306/RALLY Study - Enrollment **Ongoing**

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General study characteristics:

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in fibromyalgia in approximately 40 U.S. sites (N=670)
- Adaptive Design: one unblinded interim analysis based on 50% of randomized participants 1

TNX-102 SL once-daily at bedtime

Placebo once-daily at bedtime

 $N = \sim 335^3$

Key Secondary endpoints (Week 14) include1:

- · Daily diary sleep quality NRS score change
- Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire Revised (FIQR): Symptoms Domain change

Daily diary pain severity score change (TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg vs.

numerical rating scale (NRS), using mixed model repeated

measures analysis with multiple imputation (MMRM with MI)

placebo) from baseline in the weekly average as measured by the

· PROMIS Fatigue instrument change

Primary endpoint (Week 14):

Interim results expected in 3rd quarter 2021

Topline results expected in 4th quarter 2021

Potential pivotal efficacy study to support NDA approval

14 weeks ¹Pending submission and agreement from FDA on statistical analysis plan

²Two week run in at 2.8 mg dose at bedtime, followed by 12 weeks at 5.6 mg dose ³Pending agreement from FDA on protocol amendment PROMIS = Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System



Approved Fibromyalgia Pharmacotherapies

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Pfizer

- Drug: Lyrica® or pregabalin (U.S. patent expired in 2018)
- Mechanism: modulates nerve impulses involved in the transmission of pain through selective binding to the alpha2-delta protein of the voltage-gated calcium channels in CNS tissues
- Peak Sales: Approximately \$5 billion (including all approved indications)

Lilly

- Drug: Cymbalta® or duloxetine (U.S. patent expired 2014)
- · Approved: 2004
- Mechanism: serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI)
- Peak Sales: Approximately \$5 billion (including all approved indications)

Abbvie (developed by Forest Laboratories)

- Drug: Savella® or milnacipran (on patent)
- Approved: 2009
- Mechanism: serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI)
- Peak Sales: Approximately \$130 million (approved for fibromyalgia indication only)



Other Fibromyalgia Pharmacotherapies in **Development in the U.S.**

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Axsome Therapeutics - AXS-14

- Drug: esreboxetine
- Mechanism: Selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor
- Developmental Stage: At least mid-Phase 3 (Phase 2 and Phase 3 trial positive*)

Aptinyx - NYX-2925

- Drug: ((2S, 3R)-3-hydroxy-2-((R)-5-isobutyryl-1-oxo-2,5-diazaspiro(3.4)octan-2-yl)butanamide)
- Mechanism: NMDA receptor modulator
 Developmental Stage: Phase 2 study is "active, not recruiting"

Teva - Ajovy®

- Drug: fremanezumab
 Anti-CGRP antibody
- Developmental Stage: Phase 2 proof-of-concept study "recruiting"

Virios Therapeutics - IMC-1

- Drug: Combination of famciclovir and celecoxib
- Anti-viral (herpes simplex) and COX-2 inhibitor non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID)
 Developmental Stage: Phase 2a completed

*licensed from Pfizer, Jan 2020

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TNX-102 SL Intellectual Property -U.S. Protection expected until 2035

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Composition of matter (eutectic): Protection expected to 2034/2035

 United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) issued United States Patent No. 9636408 in May 2017, Patent No. 9956188 in May 2018, Patent No. 10117936 in November 2018, and Patent No. 10864175 on December 2020

European Patent Office (EPO) issued European Patent No. 2968992 in December 2019 (validated in 37 countries). Opposition filed in October 2020 by Hexal AG

- China National Intellectual Property Administration issued Chinese Patent No. ZL 201480024011.1 in April
 2019
- Japanese Patent Office (JPO) issued Japanese Patent No. 6310542 in March 2018
- •8 granted patents (Indonesia, Saudi Arabia, New Zealand, Australia, Mexico, Taiwan, Israel, South Africa)
- •11 patent applications pending (1 being allowed in Canada)

Composition of matter (sublingual): Protection expected

to 2033

- NZIPO issued New Zealand Patent No. 631144 in March 2017 and Patent No. 726488 in January 2019
- Taiwanese Intellectual Property Office issued Taiwanese Patent No. I590820 in July 2017, Patent No. I642429 in December 2018 and Patent No. I683660 in February 2020
- Australian Patent Office issued Australian Patent No. 2013274003 in October 2018 and Patent No. 2018241128
- in September 2020 • JPO issued Japanese Patent No. 6259452 in December 2017
- 20 patent applications pending (1 being allowed in Mexico)



Opportunities to Expand TNX-102 SL to Other Indications

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Role of sleep disturbance more established in common psychiatric and neurological/pain disorders

- · Recognized as a core symptom of many of these disorders
- Traditional sleep medications, which increase sleep quantity, may not provide benefit (benzodiazepines in major depression) or are contraindicated

Psychiatric Disorders

- Stress Disorders (PTSD)
- Mood Disorders (Depression)
- · Anxiety Disorders
- Addiction (Alcohol Use Disorder)

Psychiatric Symptoms of Neurological Disorders

- Agitation in Alzheimer's
- Psychosis in Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and other dementias

Chronic Pain States

- Chronic wide-spread pain (fibromyalgia)
- Osteoarthritis

Growing recognition that there are many disorders where sleep disturbances may have a role in the pathophysiology (cardiovascular, metabolic, neurologic)

· Sleep quality plays a homeostatic role in several disorders

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TNX-1800¹, TNX-2300¹: COVID-19 Vaccine Candidates and

TNX-21001: Diagnostic Product Candidate to Test for SARS-CoV-2 T Cell Immunity

¹TNX-1800, TNX-2300 and TNX-2100 are in the pre-INO stage of development and have not been approved for any indication.



TNX-18001: a COVID-19 Vaccine Candidate

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Utilizes Tonix's proprietary horsepox virus as a vector

- · Encodes a protein from SARS-CoV-2, the cause of COVID-19
- · Developed in collaboration with University of Alberta, Canada

Animal testing with Southern Research Institute

- · Non-human primate immune response positive results reported in 4Q20
- · Non-human primate CoV-2 challenge testing data expected in 1Q21

Manufacturing agreement with FUJIFILM Diosynth

- · Development for Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) manufacturing for human
- GMP² clinical supply expected to be ready for human trials in 2nd half of 2021³

'TRIX-1800 (horsepox/Cov-2 spike live vaccine) is at the pre-IRD stage of development Good Manufacturing Practice = GMP We cannot prodict whether the global COVID-19 pandemic will impact the timing of these milestone:



Concerns With Current COVID-19 Vaccines with Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

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· Durability of protection

- Are vaccinated people protected one year later?
- · Durable protection is associated with T cell response

· Protection against death/ventilator support

· Protection against severe disease and death would be strong motivations for many to be vaccinated

· Protection against forward transmission

· Highly contagious nature of CoV-2 is a major problem driving pandemic

· Safety of vaccine

Risk:benefit for different age groups may vary – e.g. adults below 30 have low risk of disease

· No biomarker of protection

· No test to establish protection from vaccination

· Cost and accessibility

· High production cost and issues with cold-chain distribution



Warp-Speed COVID-19 Vaccines: Live Virus Vaccines Take Longer to Develop

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mRNA

Moderna (mRNA-1273, LNP¹-encapsulated CoV-2 Spike ["Spike"] mRNA) EUA²

Pfizer & BioNTech (LNP-encapsulated Spike mRNA)

EUA

Subunit

Sanofi/GSK (recombinant Spike protein with adjuvant³)
 Novavax (NVX-CoV2373, recombinant Spike protein with adjuvant⁴)
 In Phase 3
 In Phase 3

· Non-replicating virus

J&J (Ad26.COV2-S, Ad26 encoding Spike)

EUA

Astra-Zeneca/Oxford (AZD1222, ChAdOx-1 encoding Spike)
 In Phase 3 (EUA in UK, Europe,

Canada and India)

· Live attenuated virus

Merck (TMV-083, modified measles⁵-encoding Spike)

Merck (V591, pseudo-typed VSV⁷-encoding Spike)

*Lipid Nanoparticle = "LNP"
*Emergency Use Authorization = "EUA"
*ZSK adjuvant A503 contains squalene, DL-o-tocopherol and polysorbate
*Novava adjuvant Matrix-M1 contains saponin extracted from the Quillaja
saponaria Molinia tree

Terminated Jan '21 - Phase 16

Terminated Jan '21 - Phase 1⁶

⁵Measles-based vaccine, acquisition of Themis, collaboration with Institute Pasteur

Merck Discontinues Development of SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 Vaccing Candidates; Continues Development of Two Investigational Therapeutic Candidates - Merch com

Candidates - Merck.com

Candidates - Merck.com

Significant - Merck.co



COVID-19 Vaccine Landscape

28

We expect more than one vaccine will be approved by FDA

· Different vaccines for different individuals

More than 150 vaccines in development

- Diversity of approaches is important since protective immunity is not yet understood
- · Technologies range from never tested before (mRNA) to 220 years old
- · Uncertainty exists around efficacy, durability and importantly, safety

Live attenuated vector systems in development include:

• Tonix (horsepox), Tonix (bovine parainfluenza), Zydus Cadila (measles-based)

Live, Attenuated Virus Vaccines for Other Infectious Diseases¹

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Long term, durable immunity

Expected to stimulate T cells and provide years to decades of protection

Single administration, scalable manufacturing

 Low dose is amplified by replication, mRNA and protein synthesis at vaccination site

Block forward transmission (infectivity)

Key to conferring herd immunity and protecting immunocompromised

 1 For example, the eradication of smallpox, containment of measles, mumps, and rubella $\stackrel{>}{\otimes} 2021\, {
m Tonix}$ Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp.



TNX-1800 Vaccination of Non-Human Primates Elicited Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Neutralizing Antibodies and Skin Reaction or "Take" in All Eight Animals

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STUDY DESIGN:

- Compares TNX-1800 (modified horsepox virus encoding CoV-2 spike protein) to TNX-801 (horsepox virus, live vaccine) at two doses in non-human primates. A control group received a placebo.
- Each of these five groups (TNX-1800 high and low dose; TNX-801 high and low dose and placebo) includes four animals.

NEUTRALIZING ANTI-CoV-2 ANTIBODIES:

- At Day 14 after a single vaccination, all eight of the TNX-1800 vaccinated animals made anti-CoV-2 neutralizing antibodies (≥1:40 titer).
- None of the eight TNX-801 vaccinated control animals, or any of the four animals in the placebo group, made anti-CoV-2 neutralizing antibodies (≤1:10 titer).
- Level of neutralizing anti-CoV-2 antibody production was similar between the low and high dose TNX-1800 groups (1 x 10⁶ Plaque Forming Units [PFU]) and 3 x 10⁶ PFU, respectively.

SKIN TAKE BIOMARKER:

All 16 animals vaccinated with either dose of TNX-1800 or the control TNX-801 manifested a
"take", or cutaneous response, signaling that the horsepox vector elicited a strong T cell
immune response.

TNX-1800 Vaccination of Non-Human Primates Findings, Conclusions and Next Phase

31

TOLERABILITY:

TNX-1800 and TNX-801 were well tolerated at both doses.

DOSE:

- Supports the expectation that TNX-1800 at the low dose of 1 x 10⁶ PFU is an appropriate dose for a one-shot vaccine in humans.
- Indicates that 100 doses per vial is the target format for commercialization, which is suited to manufacturing and distribution at large scale.

CONCLUSIONS:

- Data show that TNX-1800 induces a strong immune response to CoV-2 in non-human primates.
- Data confirm that "take" is a biomarker of a strong immunological response to TNX-1800's vector, horsepox virus vaccine, and also indicate that "take" is predictive of a neutralizing antibody response to TNX-1800's cargo COVID-19 antigen, which is the CoV-2 spike protein.

NEXT PHASE:

 In the second phase of the study, the TNX-1800 vaccinated and control animals will be challenged with CoV-2. Results are expected in the first quarter of 2021.

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TNX-18001: Engineered for Long-term Immunity

32

Based on "vaccinia" vaccine developed more than 200 years ago by Dr. Edward Jenner to prevent smallpox

- TNX-1800 has 99.7% colinear identity with circa 1860 smallpox vaccine²
- Eradicated smallpox (only viral disease ever eradicated)
- Elicits durable (many decades) T cell immunity
- Single dose protection without adjuvants
- · Manufacturable at scale
- · Minimal "cold chain" supply issues
- · Glass-sparing packaging owing to small unit dose

Genetic analysis of early vaccines indicates that Tonix's "horsepox" is closely related to Edward Jenner's "vaccinia"

 Modern "vaccinia" evolved during the 220 years it was propagated by primitive methods – for over 120 years before "viruses" were identified

'TNX-1800 (horsepox/Cov-2 spike live vaccine) is at the pre-IND stage of development 'Brinkmann A et al, Genome Biology (2020) 21:286 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13059-020-02202-0

Why Use a Horsepox Platform for a Vaccine?

33



Horsepox can be engineered to express foreign genes

- · Lack of persistence or genomic integration in the host
- · Strong immunogenicity as a vaccine
- · Readily manufacture at scale
- · Live, attenuated vaccine direct antigen presentation



Potential advantages of horsepox over vaccinia

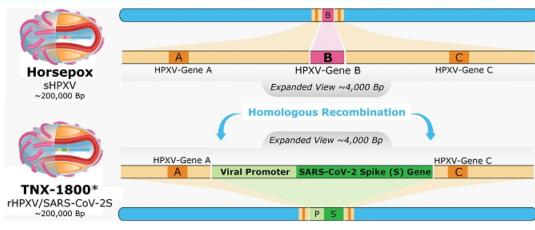
- · Maintains strong immunogenicity with potentially improved tolerability
- Relative to non-replicating vaccinia, horsepox's replication in human cells provides direct antigen presentation, which is expected to trigger a T cell immune response, by Class I Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) Antigens
- Horsepox may behave differently than vaccinia as a vector, in part because of its different repertoire of genes that modulate immune responses and host range

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TNX-1800 is Based on a Horsepox Virus (HPXV) Vector Designed to Express SARS-CoV-2 S Protein

34



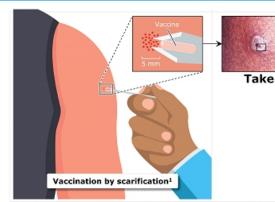
*TNX-1800 is at the pre-IND stage of development



Vaccinia Induces a Skin Reaction Called "Take" - Described by Dr. Edward Jenner

35

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Biomarker of protection

- · Smallpox was eradicated using this
- Revaccination indicated for recipients without "take"
- Measure of T cell immunity
 - · No need for blood draws or complex laboratory studies
 - · No other functional T cell assay is approved or in clinical use for vaccination

take," resulting from a replication-competent live-virus vaccine delivered via scarification, indicating successful vaccination.

- 1.Fulginiti VA, et al. Clin Infect Dis. 2003;37(2):241-250. 2.Liu L, et al. Nature Med. 2010;16(2):224-228. 3.Centers for Disease Centrol and Prevention. Accessed April 15, 2020. https://phil.cdc.gov/Detailis.aspx?pid=3276

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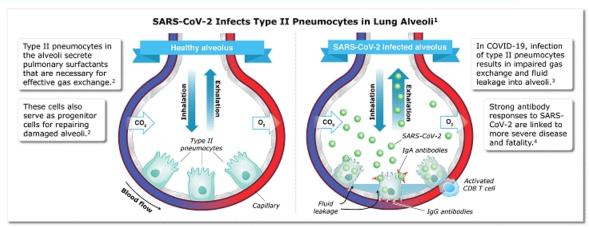
Unique Challenges of SARS-CoV-2

SARS-CoV-2 SARS Rate of death1,2 Rate of death1,4 The death rate for COVID-19 is ~10% 0.003% - 5.4% significantly lower compared to SARS. 1,2,4 However, due to its virulence, SARS-CoV-2 has Deaths2 Deaths (as of Mar 2021)5 resulted in far more deaths5 744 >2,500,000 Rate of infectivity1 Rate of infectivity1,4 0.4 ~2.5 SARS-CoV-2 is more infectious, has a longer incubation time, and presents asymptomatically Incubation time2 Incubation time2,4 2-7 days 6-14 days in more individuals, making it highly spreadable¹ Asymptomatic3 Asymptomatic4 ~13% ~40%

Infection of Type II Pneumocytes Can Lead to Lethal Respiratory Illness

37

38



Knudsen L, et al. Histrochem Cell Biol. 2018;150(6):661-676.
 Mason RJ. Am J Physiol Lung Cell Mol Physiol. 2020;319(1):L115-L120.

3. Xu Z, et al. Lancet Respir Med. 2020;8(4):420-422. 4. Lee WS, et al. Nat Microbiol. 2020;5:1185-1191.

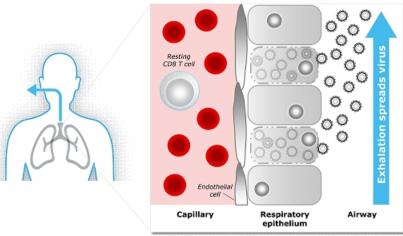
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9

SARS-CoV-2 Hijacks the Respiratory System to Spread Contagious Virus

 Virus factories release virions by continuous budding

 Breathing, speaking or coughing has the potential to release virions into the air and transmit infection to others



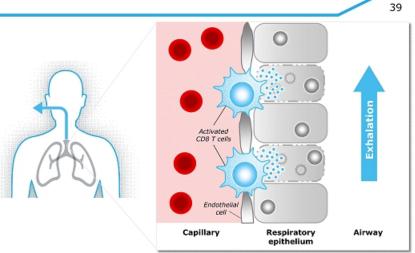
Bar-On YM, et al. eLVe. 2020;9:e57309.

CoV-2 Specific T Cells Kill the Virus Factories

 Natural immunity or vaccine protection has the potential to decrease forward transmission

•T cells specifically kill virally infected cells

Bar-On YM, et al. eLVe. 2020;9:e57309.





Contrasting T cell and Antibody Immunity

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40

T cell immunity

- · Durable or long-lived (many years)
- · Recognize fragments of pathogens on the surfaces of infected cells
- · Cannot recognize pathogens directly
- · Potential to clear viral infections (by killing infected cells)
- · Potential to block forward transmission (contagion) by infected people

Antibody immunity

- · Temporary or short-lived (typically 3-6 months)
- · Recognize pathogens directly
- Potential to block viral entry (by recognizing pathogens)
- · Can only recognize virally infected cells that express viral surface proteins



TNX-1800: Potential Development and Uses

41

Potential to protect against CoV-2 Variants

- T cell epitopes are short stretches of peptides (~8-14 aa fragments) that so far seem to be conserved between variants
- · Clinical trials will test potential protection against CoV-2 variants
 - For example, the "British" (B.1.1.7), "Brazilian" (P.1) and "South African" (B.1.351) strains have emerged
 - · B.1.351 may elude the protection conferred by certain vaccines against other strains

Pre- and Post-pandemic vaccine

- · Development will begin with clinical trials in adults
- · Subsequent development will focus on children
 - Analogous to the historical use of horsepox and vaccinia as childhood immunizations to prevent (and ultimately eradicate) smallpox
- · Potential to block forward transmission (contagion) by infected people
- · Trial participants will be stratified by pre-existing antibody and T cell immunity
 - TNX-2100¹ skin test (slide 56) may be used to stratify for T cell immunity

¹TNX-2100 (SARS-CoV-2 epitope peptide mixtures for intradermal administration) is at the pre-IND stage of development

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TNX-2300, 2nd SARS-CoV-2 Vaccine Platform: Bovine Parainfluenza (BPI) Virus

42

Collaboration with Kansas State University to develop a vaccine candidate for the prevention of COVID-19

- Utilizes a novel live attenuated vaccine vector platform and the CD40-ligand to stimulate T cell immunity
- TNX-2300¹ drives expression of CoV-2 spike and CD40-L

Live attenuated vaccines based on bovine parainfluenza virus²⁻⁶

- Previously has been shown to be an effective antigen delivery vector in humans, notably well tolerated in infants and children
- Vector is well suited for mucosal immunization using a nasal atomizer, but it can also be delivered parenterally

¹Pre-IND stage of development; ²Halle, AA *et al. J Gen. Virology* (2003) 84:2153–2162; ³Halle, AA *et al. J Virology* (2000) 74 (24): 11626–11635; ⁴Karron RA *et al. J Inf Dis* (1995) 171: 1107-14; ⁵Karron RA *et al. Vaccine* (2012) 30: 3975–3981; ⁴Schmidt AC *et al. J Virology* (2001) 75(10): 4594–4603 © 2021 Tonix Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp.



TNX-21001: Potential Skin Test to Measure SARS-CoV-2 Exposure and T Cell Immunity

43

TNX-2100 (SARS-CoV-2 epitope peptide mixtures for intradermal administration)

- · Based on mixtures of synthetic peptides for intradermal administration
- Designed to elicit delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) in individuals who have been exposed to SARS-CoV-2 or who have been successfully vaccinated
- · Potential to measure the presence and strength of functional in vivo T cell immunity

Potentially scalable test for widespread use

- Adaptive Biotech's T Detect™ COVID received FDA EUA based on genetic analysis of T cell receptors
- Other tests² for T cell immunity to SARS-CoV-2 require specialized laboratories and are not amenable to standardization

1TNX-2100 is in the pre-IND stage of development and has not been approved for any indication.
2Intracellular cytokine staining (ICS) measured by flow cytometry after in vitro stimulation of purified peripheral blood mononuclear cells
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TNX-2100: Potential Uses and Development Plans

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TNX-2100 has the potential to serve as:

- · a biomarker for cellular immunity and protective immunity
- · a method to stratify participants in COVID-19 vaccine trials by immune status
- · an endpoint in COVID-19 vaccine trials
- · a biomarker of durability of vaccine protection

FDA feedback on pre-IND meeting questions received in February 2021

Development plans

- Peptides have been manufactured under current good manufacturing process or cGMP
- · Second quarter 2021: Plan to submit IND
- · Second half 2021: Plan to initiate clinical testing pending approval of IND



TNX-13001: New Potential Treatment for **Cocaine Intoxication**

¹TNX-1300 is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication.

TNX-1300* for the Treatment of Cocaine Intoxication

46

Recombinant protein that degrades cocaine in the bloodstream¹

- Double-mutant cocaine esterase (CocE)
- · CocE was identified in a bacterium (Rhodococcus) that use cocaine as its sole source of carbon and nitrogen and that grow in soil surrounding coca plants2
- · CocE catalyzes the breakdown of cocaine into metabolites ecgonine methyl ester and benzoic

Phase 2 study completed by Reckitt Benckiser (TNX-1300 was formerly RBP-8000)³

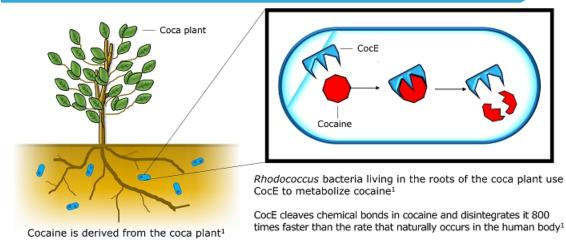
- Volunteer cocaine abusers received cocaine 50 mg i.v. infusion over 10 minutes
- · TNX-1300 given one minute after completion of cocaine infusion
 - · Rapidly reversed the physiologic effects of cocaine; cocaine plasma exposures dropped by 90% within two minutes
 - · Well tolerated with the most frequently reported adverse events being gastrointestinal disorders (including dry mouth, nausea); nervous systems disorders (including headache, dizziness) and skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders (including hyperhidrosis, dermatitis)

*TNX-1300 (T172R/G1730 double-mutant cocaine esterase 200 mg, i.v. solution) is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication.

Gao D et al, Mol Pharmacol. 2009. 75(2):318-23.
 Bresler MM et al, Appl Environ Microbiol. 2000. 66(3):904-8.
 Nasser AF et al, J Addict Dis, 2014;33(4):289-302.

TNX-1300 (Cocaine Esterase or CocE) Is a Fastacting Cocaine Antidote

47



Narasimhan D et al. Future Med Chem. 2012.

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TNX-1300 Development Plan

48

- Targeting to initiate a Phase 2 open-label, randomized pilot study of TNX-1300 in the second quarter of 2021
- Emergency department (ED) setting with patients coming in for treatment of cocaine and/or polysubstance intoxication
- Objectives
 - · Primary: To evaluate the safety of TNX-1300 in the ED setting
 - · Secondary:
 - To evaluate TNX-1300 in the management of cardiovascular (CV) and other signs and symptoms associated with cocaine intoxication compared to usual care (UC) alone
 - To demonstrate reduction of plasma cocaine, cocaethylene, and ecgonine methyl ester levels after TNX-1300 administration and compare cocaine and cocaethylene levels of TNX-1300 group to those in UC alone



TNX-19001: Intranasal Potentiated Oxytocin for **Migraine and Craniofacial Pain**

and

TNX-29001: Intranasal Potentiated Oxytocin for **Prader-Willi Syndrome**

¹TNX-1900 and TNX-2900 are in the pre-IND stage of development.

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TNX-1900 (Intranasal Potentiated Oxytocin) for the Treatment of Migraine and Craniofacial Pain Overview

50

Novel intranasal (i.n.) oxytocin (OT) formulation being developed as a prophylactic treatment for chronic migraine

- · Based on a propriety formulation of oxytocin*, a naturally occurring human hormone that acts as a neurotransmitter in the brain, and magnesium
- Magnesium is known to potentiate the binding of oxytocin to its receptor¹

Clinical and preliminary research has shown that low oxytocin levels in the body can lead to increase in headache frequency, and that increased oxytocin levels can relieve headaches

Certain other chronic pain conditions are also associated with decreased oxytocin levels

Oxytocin when delivered via the nasal route, results in enhanced binding of oxytocin to receptors on neurons in the trigeminal system, inhibiting transmission of pain signals

Intranasal oxytocin has been shown in animals that it can also block CGRP release, a pathway known to be critical to the pathogenesis of migraine attacks.

'Oxytocin is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as Pitocin®, an intravenous infusion or intramuscular injection drug, for use in pregnant women to induce labor. An intranasal form of oxytocin was marketed by Novartis to assist in nursing as Syntocinon®, but the product was withdrawn and the New Drug Application (NDA) has been discontinued.

1. Antoni and Chadio, 1989



TNX-1900 for the Treatment of Migraine -**Prevalence**

51

One billion individuals worldwide suffer from migraines (~14% of population)1 Migraine is the second leading cause of years lived with disability1

In U.S., the estimated cost of all migraine headaches was \$78 billion in 20142

· Approximately 30% of those costs (\$23 billion) were direct medical costs

Chronic migraine (≥ 15 headaches / month) effects about 1-2% of individuals³

- · 75-150 million individuals worldwide
- · 3-7 million in the U.S.

CGRP antibodies are the only migraine specific prophylaxis drugs approved in decades

- Requires parenteral administration (systemic effects on peripheral CGRP pathways)
- Long term safety concerns with prolonged systemic blockade of CGRP receptor⁴
- ¹ GBD 2016 Headache Collaborators, Global, regional, and national burden of migraine and tension-type headache, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016, Lancet Neurol 2018; 17: 954–76 Properties Study 2010, Lancet Neurol 2018; 17: 954-76

 2 Gooch, C. L., et al., The Burden of Neurological Disease in the United States: A Summary Report and Call to Action. Ann Neurol. 2017; 81:479-484

 3 Natoli et al., Global prevalence of chronic migraine: a systematic review, Cephalagia, 2010, 30:599-609

 4 Robbins, At Stake: The Possible Long-Term Side Effects of CGRP Antagonists, https://www.practicalpainmanagement.com/pain/headache/stake-possible-long-term-side-effects-cgrp-antagonists, accessed November 8, 2020.



TNX-1900 for the Treatment of Migraine -**Mechanism of Action**

52

Preclinical research showed that nasally applied TNX-1900 selectively inhibits the activity of trigeminal pain-sensing nerve cells and blocks the release of CGRP

TNX-1900 is believed to interrupt pain signals at the trigeminal ganglia by suppressing electrical impulses, a potentially different activity than drugs that just block CGRP

Migraine attacks are caused, in part, by the release of CGRP from pain-sensing nerve cells that are part of the trigeminal system

The CGRP binds to receptors on other nerve cells and starts a cascade of events that eventually results in a severe headache. This, in turn, reduces various kinds of trigeminal nerve associated pain and prevents CGRP from acting at receptors in the central nervous system that are involved in migraine.

We believe targeted delivery of oxytocin could translate into selective blockade of CGRP release in the trigeminal ganglion and not throughout the body, which could be a potential safety advantage over systemic CGRP inhibition

In addition, daily dosing is more quickly reversible, in contrast to monthly or quarterly dosing, giving physicians and their patients greater control



TNX-1900 for the Treatment of Migraine -Mechanism of Action (continued)

CGRP: NEUROTRANSMITTER THAT HAS BEEN VALIDATED AS KEY MIGRAINE TARGET

TNX-1900 believed to partially block release of CGRP in the trigeminal nerve

Proprietary Nasal to Brain Delivery



Transported to trigeminal Oxytocin Receptors Co-Localize system and with CGRP in most Trigeminal Ganglia Neurons brain











Overlay of Oxytocin Receptors and CGRP



HEAD PAIN

TARGETED

Abbrev. CGRP, calcitonin gene-related peptide

Staining



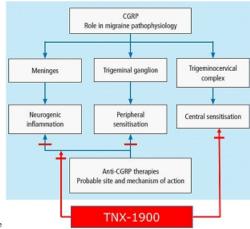
TNX-1900: Mechanism of Action (continued)

In animal models, intranasal oxytocin concentrates in the trigeminal system

Inhibits trigeminal neuronal firing, and decreases CGRP (and PACP) release onto meningeal vasculature and within the brainstem

- Believed to have effects on:
 - Neurogenic inflammation
 - Peripheral sensitization, where CGRP otherwise promotes neuronal-glial signaling of pain to trigeminal ganglion
 - Central sensitization, in which CGRP otherwise causes sensitization of NMDA receptor, reducing threshold for glutamate - creating allodynia
- Anti-CGRP antibodies may only work on inflammation and peripheral sensitization
 - Due to poor blood brain barrier penetration

Abbrev. CGRP, calcitonin gene-related peptide; PACP, pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating peptide Figure adapted from Krishnaswamy R et al. Anti-CGRP monoclonal antibodies: breakthrough in migraine therapeutics. Progress in Neurology and Psychiatry. Vol 23.03, July-Sept, 2019.





TNX-1900 for the Treatment of Migraine – Development Status

55

In June 2020, Tonix acquired a proprietary formulation of nasal oxytocin solution for intranasal delivery from Trigemina

Also acquired migraine and pain treatment technologies of Trigemina, Inc. and assumed license for some of technologies from Stanford University

A Phase 2 trial under an investigator-initiated IND has been completed in the U.S. using TNX-1900

Completed by Trigemina prior to acquisition

Tonix plans to submit an IND application for this program to the FDA in the second quarter of 2021

Targeting start of a Phase 2 study of TNX-1900 for the prophylactic treatment of chronic migraine in the U.S. in the third quarter of 2021

 Primary endpoint expected to be mean change in number of migraine headache days from the last 28 days of baseline to the last 28 days of treatment in each treatment group

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TNX-2900 for the Treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome – Overview

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TNX-2900 is also based on Tonix's patented intranasal potentiated oxytocin formulation and expands on this work

Prader-Willi syndrome is the most common genetic cause of life-threatening childhood obesity $^{\! 1}$

- Results in lack of suckling in infants and, in children and adults, severe hyperphagia, an overriding physiological
 drive to eat, leading to severe obesity and other complications associated with significant mortality
- No approved treatment for either the suckling deficit in babies or the obesity and hyperphagia in older children associated with Prader-Willi syndrome.
- · Orphan disease occurring in approximately one in 15,000 births

Intranasal oxytocin has been shown to improve suckling in newborn animals but also suppresses feeding behaviors in adult animal models.

 Tonix's patented potentiated oxytocin formulation is believed to increase specificity for oxytocin receptors relative to vasopressin receptors as well as to enhance the potency of oxytocin.

Tonix intends to submit an application to the FDA for Orphan Drug and Fast Track designations for TNX-2900

Foundation for Prader-Willi Research (fpwr.org).



TNX-1500¹: Monoclonal Antibody directed against CD40-Ligand for Organ Transplant Rejection and Autoimmune Conditions

¹TNX-1500 is in the pre-IND stage of development.

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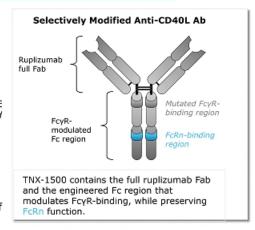
TNX 1500, a New CD40 Ligand (CD40L) Antibody, for the Prevention of Allograft Rejection

58

The CD40-CD40L pathway is a pivotal immune system modulator and is a well-established and very promising treatment target to more safely prevent allograft rejection¹

- First Generation: Development halted due to thromboembolic complications (TE) – blood clots. TE complications traced to Fc gamma receptor
- Second Generation: Eliminated the Fc gamma receptor (TE complication) but potency and half life reduced which limited utility
- TNX-1500 Third Generation: Re-engineered based on greater understanding of the Fc gamma receptor. Modulated the binding of FcyR while preserving FcRn function
 - Expected to deliver efficacy without compromising safety

Tonix expects to have GMP product ready in the third quarter of 2021 for TNX-1500 $\,$



1. Camilleri B, et al. Exp CVn Transplant. 2016;14(5):471-483.



Pipeline¹ Summary – by Select Therapeutic Areas

59

Pain

TNX-102 SL (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for fibromyalgia

Phase 3/RELIEF Phase 3/RALLY

TNX-1900 (intranasal oxytocin) for craniofacial pain Clinical – pre-IND stage

Psychiatry

- TNX-102 SL (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for PTSD Phase 3/RECOVERY
- TNX-102 SL (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for agitation in Alzheimer's

Phase 2 ready FDA Fast Track

- designation
 TNX-601 CR (tianeptine
 oxalate and naloxone) for depression and PTSD Clinical - Pre-IND stage
- TNX-1600 (triple reuptake inhibitor²) for PTSD, Depression and ADHD³ Preclinical

Addiction Medicine

TNX-1300 (cocaine esterase) for cocaine intoxication Phase 2 FDA Breakthrough Therapy designation

 TNX-102 SL (sublingual cyclobenzaprine) for alcohol use disorder

Phase 2 ready

Neurology

TNX-1900 (intranasal oxytocin) for migraine Clinical - pre-IND stage

Rare/Orphan Disease

TNX-2900 (intranasal oxytocin) for Prader-Willi syndrome Clinical - pre-IND stage

³ Experimental new medicines and biologics, not approved for any indication

⁴ (25,48,58)-5-(((2-aminobenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl]methyl)amino)-2-(bis(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ol) is an inhibitor of reuptake of three monoamine neurotransmitters (serotonin, noreginephrine and dopamine) = licensed from Wayne State University

³ ADHD = attention deficit hyperactivity disorder

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Pipeline¹ Summary – by Select Therapeutic Areas (continued)

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Public Health

- TNX-1800 (live modified horsepox vaccine) for preventing COVID-19 Preclinical
- · TNX-2300 (live bovine parainfluenza vaccine) for preventing COVID-19 Preclinical
- · TNX-2100 (DTH skin test) for detecting exposure and T cell immunity to SARS-CoV-2

Biodefense

- · TNX-801 (live horsepox vaccine) for preventing smallpox and monkeypox Preclinical
- TNX-701 (oral radioprotective agent) for radioprotection Preclinical

Transplantation/ Autoimmunity

- · TNX-1500 (anti-CD40-Ligand) for preventing rejection of solid organ transplants Preclinical
- · TNX-1500 (anti-CD40-Ligand) for treating autoimmune disease Preclinical

Oncology

TNX-1700 (rTFF22) for treatment of gastric and pancreatic cancer Preclinical

 $^{^{1}}$ Experimental new medicines and biologics, not approved for any indication 2 Recombinant Trefoil Family Factor 2 – licensed from Columbia University $~ \otimes ~ 2021$ Tonix Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp.



Milestones – Recently Completed and Upcoming¹

61

4 th Quarter 2020	Non-human primate immune response positive results reported				
4 th Quarter 2020	Positive topline data from TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F304/RELIEF study in fibromyalgia reported				
☐ 1st Quarter 2021	Non-human primate efficacy data from TNX-1800 in COVID-19 models expe	Non-human primate efficacy data from TNX-1800 in COVID-19 models expected			
☐ 2 ND Quarter 2021	Initiation of Phase 2 open-label safety study of TNX-1300 in ED setting for o	cocaine intoxication			
☐ 2 nd Quarter 2021	Submission of IND application for TNX-2100 for SARS-CoV-2 skin test				
☐ 2 nd Quarter 2021	Submission of IND application for TNX-1900 for the treatment of migraine				
☐ 3 rd Quarter 2021	Initiation of Phase 2 study of TNX-1900 for the treatment of migraine				
☐ 3rd Quarter 2021	Interim analysis of TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F306/RALLY study in fibromyalgia	expected			
☐ 4 th Quarter 2021	Topline data from TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F306/RALLY study in fibromyalgia ex	xpected			
☐ 2 nd Half 2021	Initiation of Phase 1 safety study of TNX-1800 for COVID-19 expected				
☐ 2 nd Half 2021	Initiation of clinical trials for TNX-2100 SARS-CoV-2 skin test expected	1 We cannot predict whether the			
	© 2021 Tonix Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp.	global COVID-19 pandemic will impact the timing of these milestones.			



Management Team





Seth Lederman, MD President & CEO









Gregory Sullivan, MD Chief Medical Officer



Bradley Saenger, CPA Chief Financial Officer











Jessica Morris Chief Operating Officer











Thank You!



1



March 2021

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Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements

2

Certain statements in this presentation regarding strategic plans, expectations and objectives for future operations or results are "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "forecast," "estimate" and "intend," among others. These forward-looking statements are based on Tonix's current expectations and actual results could differ materially. There are a number of factors that could cause actual events to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, risks related to failure to obtain U.S. Food and Drug Administration clearances or approvals and noncompliance with its regulations; our need for additional financing; delays and uncertainties caused by the global COVID-19 pandemic; substantial competition; uncertainties of patent protection and litigation; uncertainties of government or third party payor reimbursement; limited research and development efforts and dependence upon third parties. As with any pharmaceutical under development, there are significant risks in the development, regulatory approval and commercialization of new products. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation, even if subsequently made available by Tonix on its website or otherwise. Tonix does not undertake an obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by law. Investors should read the risk factors set forth in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 24, 2020, and periodic reports and current reports filed with the SEC on or after the date thereof. All of Tonix's forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by all such risk factors and other cautionary statements.

Who We Are - Mission And Purpose

Clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company that invents and develops medicines to help patients manage the central nervous system (CNS) and immunology diseases.

"Advancing science to improve patient care and public health"

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Our Pipeline - CNS Portfolio

	CANDIDATES	INDICATION	STATUS
	TNX-102 SL ¹	Fibromyalgia (FM) - Lead Program	Mid-Phase 3 – ongoing
		PTSD	Phase 3 ready
		Agitation in Alzheimer's	Phase 2 ready
		Alcohol Use Disorder	Phase 2 ready
CNS	TNX-1300 ²	Cocaine Intoxication / Overdose	Phase 2
Portfolio	TNX-1900 ³	Migraine and Craniofacial Pain	Clinical – pre-IND4
	TNX-2900⁵	Prader-Willi Syndrome	Clinical – pre-IND
	TNX-601 CR	Depression, PTSD, Neurocognitive Dysfunction from Corticosteroids	Clinical – pre-IND ⁶
	TNX-1600 ⁷	Depression, PTSD and ADHD	Preclinical

*TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an investigational new drug and has not been approved for any indication.

*TNX-1300 (T172R/G173Q double-mutant cocaine esterase 200 mg, i.v. solution) is an investigational new biologic and has not been approved for any indication; licensed from

*INX-1300 (11/2K/G1732 double-muchic occume extenses zoo mg, nv. addutant) is an investigation and adduction of columbia University.

*Acquired from Trigemina; license agreement with Stanford University

*A Phase 2 trial under an investigator-initiated IND has been completed in the U.S. using TNX-1900

*Co-exclustive license agreement with French National Institute of Health and Medical Research (Inserm)

*TNX-601 CR is in the pre-IND stage in the U.S.; a Phase 1 trial for formulation development was recently completed outside of the U.S.

*Acquired from TRImaran Pharma; license agreement with Wayne State University

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Our Pipeline - Immunology & Biodefense Portfolio

	CANDIDATES	INDICATION	STATUS
	TNX-1800	Covid-19 vaccine - Prioritized Program ¹	Preclinical
	TNX-2100	SARS-CoV-2 skin test for T cell immunity ²	Pre-IND
	TNX-2300	Covid-19 vaccine ³	Preclinical
Immunology Portfolio	TNX-801	Smallpox and monkeypox preventing vaccine ⁴	Preclinical
1 01 11 011 0	TNX-1500	Organ Transplant Rejection/Autoimmune Conditions ⁵	Preclinical
	TNX-1700	Gastric and pancreatic cancers ⁶	Preclinical
	TNX-701	Radioprotection	Preclinical

*Live attenuated vaccine based on horsepax virus vector *In vivo diagnostic: SARS-CoV-2 peptide epitope mixtures for intradermal administration to measure delayed-type hypersensitivity to SARS-CoV-2 *Uive attenuated vaccine based on borine parainfluenza virus vector; option for license with Kansas State University *Uive attenuated vaccine based on horsepax virus vector; option for license with Kansas State University *Intradermal administration to measure delayed-type hypersensitivity to SARS-CoV-2 *Intradermal administration to measure delayed-t



TNX-102 SL FM Lead Program Background on Fibromyalgia

Fibromyalgia (FM):

A chronic condition

Core symptoms:

- widespread painsleep disturbancefatigue
- · cognitive symptoms.

Significant disabilities (impaired daily function).

Course of disease can last decades

American Chronic Pain Association (www.freecps.org. 2019)
 Wairi, B., Nahin, R.L., Katz, R.S., Bergman, M.J., Wolfe, F. (2015). The Prevalence and Characteristics of Fibromystaja in the 2012 National Health Interview Survey, PLoS One; 10(9): e0138024.
 Docision Rissources, Fibromystiga, 2012

2-4% US Population



Challenges with Current Pharmacotherapy

Limitations of Current Therapies

Fewer than half of those treated for fibromyalgia receive relief from the three FDA-approved drugs¹

Lack of overall response leading to discontinuation or augmentation

- . Lack of tolerability leading to discontinuation or reduction in dose (underdosing)

Current Treatment Patterns As A Result of Limitations

Switch Rates/Rotation/Discontinuation

Over 50% of patient starting an FDA approved therapy for FM switch or discontinue therapy after 12 months²

Polypharmacy

Average patient is using 2.6 drugs for treating their fibromyalgia, 50% of patients take 3 or more medications concomitantly³

Opioid usage is not uncommon

Market Dissatisfaction

Only 43% of patients indicated that they are satisfied with their medication for FM⁵

- Freet and Sullivan, 2010
 List et il., 2016
 Redrison et al., 2012; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromysligia.
 Redrison et al., 2012; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromysligia.
 Sammento et al., 2012; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromysligia.
 Redrison et al., 2013; prospective observational study with 1,700 participants with fibromysligia.

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Ideal Treatment Profile:

Unmet Medical Need:

Current treatment patterns indicate that new, more effective, and better-tolerated treatments are necessary for management of FM¹

Treats FM as a syndrome

Relief from major symptoms (pain, sleep disturbances, fatigue) Reduces disability and improves daily living (global function)

Well tolerated with low discontinuation

- · Low systemic side-effects
- · No daytime somnolence
- · No weight gain or impact on sexual function

Suitable for chronic use

- · Not scheduled
- · Non opioid
- · Non abuse potential

Source: 1. Yang, et al, 2016

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TNX-102 SL: Engineered to Treat FM

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This unique formulation of cyclobenzaprine has been designed to optimize delivery and absorption, while minimizing the potential residual effects of oral formulations of cyclobenzaprine.

Innovative and proprietary Protectic® delivery technology

- · Overcomes mucosal absorption barrier
- Allows sublingual (SL) administration to achieves relevant systemic drug exposure
- · Stable SL tablet formulation

Benefits of sublingual delivery

- Rapid drug exposure following nighttime administration
- Lower daytime exposure
- Avoids first-pass metabolism
 - Reduces risk of pharmacological interference from major metabolite

No recognized abuse or dependency concerns

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Phase 3 F304/RELIEF Study: Design

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General study characteristics:

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in fibromyalgia
- Adaptive Design: one unblinded interim analysis based on 50% of randomized participants

TNX-102 SL once-daily at bedtime

5.6 mg (2 x 2.8 mg tablets)¹ N= 248

Placebo once-daily at bedtime

N= 255

Symptom Relief

· PROMIS Sleep Disturbance instrument T-score

· Daily diary pain severity score change from baseline

PROMIS Fatigue instrument T-score

Key Secondary endpoints (Week 14):

FIQ-R Symptom Domain score

Global function

· PGIC responder analysis

Primary endpoint (Week 14):

· FIQ-R Function Domain score

Pivotal efficacy study to support NDA approval

¹Two week run in at 2.8 mg dose at bedtime, followed by 12 weeks at 5.6 mg dose

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Positive outcome for primary endpoint (daily pain) at Week 14

Primary Outcome Measure at Week 14	Placebo (N=255)	TNX-102 SL ² (N=248)	Treatment Difference	P value
LS Mean Change from Baseline (SE)	-1.5 (0.12)	-1.9 (0.12)	-0.4 (0.16)	0.010*

Statistical Method: Mixed Model Repeated Measures analysis with Multiple Imputation *p<0.0452 (requisite p-value hurdle for full study after Interim Analysis) 1 Same primary endpoint analysis for FDA approvals of Cymbalta* and Lyrica* in fibromyalgia Abbreviations: LS = least squares; NRS = numeric rating scale; SE = standard error

²TNX-102 SL is in clinical stage of development and not approved for any indication



Pain Relief Responder Analysis

A ≥30% reduction in pain is considered clinically meaningful in pain studies

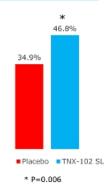
Primary efficacy analysis supported by 30% responder analysis of daily diary pain

· 47% of patients treated with TNX-102 SL versus 35% on placebo achieved a 30 percent or greater reduction in pain at Week 14

(logistic regression; odds ratio [95% CI]: 1.67 [1.16, 2.40]; p=0.006)

Comparable to numeric values published for other drugs approved for FM1,2,3,4







F304/RELIEF Study: Key Secondary Efficacy **Endpoints**

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Outcome Measure at Week 14	Intent-to-Treat Analysis ¹	<i>P</i> -value
Non-Specific		
Patient Global Impression of Change	Responder Analysis: Proportion "Much Improved" or "Very Much Improved"	0.058
Fibromyalgia Syndrome-Related		
FIQ-R Symptom Domain	Mean Change from Baseline	0.007#
FIQ-R Function Domain	Mean Change from Baseline	0.009#
PROMIS Fatigue	Mean Change from Baseline	0.018#
Daily Sleep Quality Diary, NRS	Mean Change from Baseline	<0.001#
PROMIS Sleep Disturbance	Mean Change from Baseline	<0.001#

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Adverse Events*(AEs) in F304/RELIEF Study

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Those AEs reported at rate of greater than 5% in either treatment arm

Systemic Adverse Events	Placebo N=255	TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg N=248
Somnolence/Sedation	1.2%	5.6%
Local Administration Site Reactions		
Tongue/mouth numbness	0.8%	17.3%
Tongue/mouth pain/discomfort	2.0%	11.7%
Taste impairment	0.4%	6.5%
Tongue/mouth tingling	0.4%	5.6%

^{*} Table reports only AEs at rate of greater than 5% in either treatment arm

Discontinuation rate due to adverse events: 8.9% TNX-102 SL compared to 3.9% for placebo No serious and unexpected AEs in RELIEF related to TNX-102 SL

- · Systemic AEs comparable with prior studies
- Oral AEs similar to prior studies with TNX-102 SL, although tongue/mouth numbness at about half the rate in RELIEF

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Approved Fibromyalgia Pharmacotherapies

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Pfizer

- Drug: Lyrica® or pregabalin (U.S. patent expired in 2018)
- Approved: 2004
- Mechanism: modulates nerve impulses involved in the transmission of pain through selective binding to the alpha2-delta protein of the voltage-gated calcium channels in CNS tissues
- Peak Sales: Approximately \$5 billion (including all approved indications)

Lilly

- Drug: Cymbalta® or duloxetine (U.S. patent expired 2014)
- Approved: 2004
- Mechanism: serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI)
- Peak Sales: Approximately \$5 billion (including all approved indications)

Abbvie (developed by Forest Laboratories)

- Drug: Savella® or milnacipran (on patent)
- · Approved: 2009
- Mechanism: serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI)
- · Peak Sales: Approximately \$130 million (approved for fibromyalgia indication only)

[#] nominally significant at p<0.0452
¹ Combined periods (pre- and post-interim analysis); responder analysis is by Logistic Regression (missing = non-responder); the five mean change analyses are by Mixed Model Repeated Measures with Multiple Imputation
Abbreviations: FIQ-R = Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire - Revised; NRS = numeric rating scale; PROMIS = Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System

^{*}TNX-102 SL is in clinical stage of development and not approved for any indication

TNX-102 SL for FM: Next Steps

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2nd Phase 3 study, RALLY (F306)

- Same protocol design as RELIEF study but with 200 more patients¹
- · Enrollment began in September 2020
- Interim analysis results expected in 3rd quarter 20212
- · Topline results expected in 4th quarter of 2021

Following positive results from RALLY, an NDA could potentially be filed in 2022

- · Long term safety exposure studies completed
- · GMP manufacturing processes mature and 36-month stability established

¹Pending agreement from FDA on protocol amendment ²Pending submission and agreement from FDA on statistical analysis plan



TNX-102 SL Intellectual Property -U.S. Protection expected until 2035

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Composition of matter (eutectic): **Protection expected** to 2034/2035

 United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) issued United States Patent No. 9636408 in May 2017, Patent No. 9956188 in May 2018, Patent No. 10117936 in November 2018, and Patent No. 10864175 on December 2020

European Patent Office (EPO) issued European Patent No. 2968992 in December 2019 (validated in 37 countries). Opposition filed in October 2020 by Hexal AG

- China National Intellectual Property Administration issued Chinese Patent No. ZL 201480024011.1 in April
- Japanese Patent Office (JPO) issued Japanese Patent No. 6310542 in March 2018
- •8 granted patents (Indonesia, Saudi Arabia, New Zealand, Australia, Mexico, Taiwan, Israel, South Africa)
 •11 patent applications pending (1 being allowed in Canada)

Composition of matter (sublingual): **Protection expected**

- NZIPO issued New Zealand Patent No. 631144 in March 2017 and Patent No. 726488 in January 2019

- Talwanese Intellectual Property Office issued Talwanese Patent No. 1590820 in July 2017, Patent No. 1642429 in December 2018 and Patent No. 1683660 in February 2020
 Australian Patent Office issued Australian Patent No. 2013274003 in October 2018 and Patent No. 2018241128 in September 2020
 JPO issued Japanese Patent No. 6259452 in December 2017
- 20 patent applications pending (1 being allowed in Mexico)

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Durability of protection

- · Are vaccinated people protected one year later?
- · Durable protection is associated with T cell response

Protection against forward transmission

· Highly contagious nature of CoV-2 is a major problem driving pandemic

No biomarker of protection

· No test to establish protection from vaccination

Current and future variants

· Unknown effectiveness of existing vaccines

Potential for need to have annual vaccinations

· High capacity and low costs become critical

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TNX-18001: a COVID-19 Vaccine Candidate

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- Utilizes Tonix's proprietary horsepox virus as a vector
 - · Encodes a protein from SARS-CoV-2, the cause of COVID-19
 - · Developed in collaboration with University of Alberta, Canada
- Animal testing with Southern Research Institute
 - Non-human primate immune response positive results reported in 4th quarter 2020
 - Non-human primate CoV-2 challenge testing data expected in 1st quarter 2021
- Manufacturing agreement with FUJIFILM Diosynth
 - · Development for Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) manufacturing for human
 - GMP² clinical supply expected to be ready for human trials in 2nd half of 2021³

(X-1800 (harsepax/Cov-2 spike live vaccine) is at the pre-IRD stage of development and Manufacturing Practice = GMP to cannot predict whether the global COVID-19 pandemic will impact the timing of these milestones

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TNX-21001: Potential Skin Test to Measure SARS-CoV-2 Exposure and T Cell Immunity

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TNX-2100 (SARS-CoV-2 epitope peptide mixtures for intradermal

- Designed to elicit delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) in individuals who have been exposed to SARS-CoV-2 or who have been successfully vaccinated
- · Potential to measure the presence and strength of functional in vivo T cell immunity

Potentially scalable test for widespread use

- Adaptive Biotech's T Detect™ COVID received FDA EUA based on genetic analysis of T cell receptors
- Other tests² for T cell immunity to SARS-CoV-2 require specialized laboratories and are not amenable to standardization

Development plans

- 2nd quarter 2021: Plan to submit IND based on FDA feedback
- 2nd half 2021: Plan to initiate clinical testing pending approval of IND



TNX-1900 (Intranasal Potentiated Oxytocin) for the Treatment of Migraine

21

Intranasal oxytocin(OT) has potential utility in treating migraine1

- · Intranasal (i.n.) OT reaches the trigeminal ganglion
- · Preclinical evidence of OT blocking CGRP release and suppressing pain transmission
- · CGRP antagonists and antibodies approved for the treatment of migraine
- Association of low oxytocin levels during and preceding migraine episodes

TNX-1900 is an intranasal formulation of magnesium and OT

Magnesium is known to potentiate the binding of oxytocin to its receptor²

Submission of IND application in 2nd quarter 2021 and initiation of Phase 2 study for treatment of chronic migraine anticipated in 3rd quarter 2021

1. Tzabazis et al., 22017 2. Antoni and Chadio, 1989

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TNX-2900 (i.n. Potentiated OT) for the Treatment of Prader-Willi Syndrome

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Prader-Willi syndrome is the most common genetic cause of life-threatening childhood obesity¹

- Results in lack of suckling in infants and, in children and adults, severe hyperphagia, an overriding physiological drive to eat, leading to severe obesity and other complications associated with significant mortality
- No approved treatment for either the suckling deficit in babies or the obesity and hyperphagia in older children associated with Prader-Willi syndrome.
- · Orphan disease occurring in approximately one in 15,000 births

Intranasal OT has been shown to improve suckling in newborn animals but also suppresses feeding behaviors in adult animal models

 Tonix's patented potentiated oxytocin formulation is believed to increase specificity for OT receptors relative to vasopressin receptors

Tonix intends to submit an application to the FDA for Orphan Drug and Fast Track designations for TNX-2900

Foundation for Prader-Willi Research (fpwr.org).



TNX-1300: Cocaine Esterase (CocE)

CocE is the most potent known catalyst for cocaine degradation

· Natural bacterial CocE is unstable at body temperature

Thermostable bacterial CocE (active for ~6 hours at body temperature)

- · Targeted mutations stabilize CocE
- · Natural bacterial CocE is unstable at body temperature

Phase 2 open-label safety study of TNX-1300 in emergency department setting for cocaine intoxication)

Initiation of enrollment anticipated 2nd quarter 2021

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TNX 1500, a New CD40 Ligand (CD40L) Antibody, for the Prevention of Allograft Rejection

The CD40-CD40L pathway is a pivotal immune system modulator and is a well-established and very promising treatment target to more safely prevent allograft rejection¹

- First Generation: Development halted due to thromboembolic complications (TE) – blood clots. TE complications traced to Fc gamma receptor
- Second Generation: Eliminated the Fc gamma receptor (TE complication) but potency and half life reduced which limited utility
- TNX-1500 Third Generation: Re-engineered based on greater understanding of the Fc gamma receptor. Modulated the binding of FcyR while preserving FcRn function
 - Expected to deliver efficacy without compromising safety

Tonix expects to have GMP product ready in the 3^{rd} quarter of 2021 for TNX-1500

Selectively Modified Anti-CD40L Ab

Ruplizumab full Fab

FcyRmodulated Fc region

TNX-1500 contains the full ruplizumab Fab and the engineered Fc region that modulates FcyR-binding, while preserving FcRn function.

1. Camilleri B, et al. Exp CVn Transplant. 2016;14(5):471-483.

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4th Quarter 2020

Milestones – Recently Completed and Upcoming¹

Non-human primate immune response positive results reported

Positive topline data from TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F304/RELIEF study in fibromyalgia reported

1** Quarter 2021 Non-human primate efficacy data from TNX-1800 in COVID-19 models expected

2** Phase 2 Open-label safety study of TNX-1300 in ED setting for cocaine intoxication

3** Counter 2021 Counter 2021 Counter 2021 Schröding of TND application for TNX-1300 for CAPS Cov. 2 data test

□ 2nd Quarter 2021 Submission of IND application for TNX-2100 for SARS-CoV-2 skin test

☐ 2nd Quarter 2021 Submission of IND application for TNX-1900 for the treatment of migraine

□ 3rd Quarter 2021 Initiation of Phase 2 study of TNX-1900 for the treatment of migraine
□ 3rd Quarter 2021 Interim analysis of TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F306/RALLY study in fibromyalgia expected

□ 4th Quarter 2021 Topline data from TNX-102 SL Phase 3 F306/RALLY study in fibromyalgia expected

□ 2nd Half 2021 Initiation of Phase 1 safety study of TNX-1800 for COVID-19 expected
□ 2nd Half 2021 Initiation of clinical trials for TNX-2100 SARS-CoV-2 skin test expected

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¹ We cannot predict whether the global COVID-19 pandemic will impact the timing of these milestones.

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Management Team

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Seth Lederman, MD President & CEO







Gregory Sullivan, MD Chief Medical Officer



Bradley Saenger, CPA Chief Financial Officer











Jessica Morris Chief Operating Officer Deutsche Bank Steconfoller Bank





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Thank You!