UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (date of earliest event reported): September 19, 2016

TONIX PHARMACEUTICALS HOLDING CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-36019 (Commission File Number) 26-1434750 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

509 Madison Avenue, Suite 306, New York, New York 10022 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 980-9155

Copy of correspondence to:

Marc J. Ross, Esq. James M. Turner, Esq. Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP 61 Broadway New York, New York 10006 Tel: (212) 930-9700 Fax: (212) 930-9725

Check the appropriate box below if the	Form 8-K filing	g is intended to	simultaneously	satisfy th	ne filing	obligation o	of the	registrant	under
any of the following provisions (see Ger	eral Instruction	A.2. below):							

☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))	

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Tonix Pharmaceuticals Holding Corp. (the "Company") intends to utilize an updated investor presentation to conduct meetings with investors, stockholders and analysts and at investor conferences, and which the Company intends to place on its website, which may contain non-public information. A copy of the presentation is filed as Exhibit 99.01.

The information contained in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.01, is furnished pursuant to, and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of, Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The information contained in Item 7.01 of this Current Report shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or any other document filed pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as otherwise expressly stated in such filing. By filing this Current Report on Form 8-K and furnishing the information contained in this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.01, the Company makes no admission as to the materiality of any such information that it is furnishing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

99.01 Corporate Presentation by the Company for September 2016*

* Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 19, 2016

TONIX PHARMACEUTICALS HOLDING CORP.

By: /s/SETH LEDERMAN Seth Lederman Chief Executive Officer



NASDAQ: TNXP

Investor Presentation September 2016

Version: P0029 09-19-2016

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Cautionary note on forward-looking statements

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Certain statements in this presentation regarding strategic plans, expectations and objectives for future operations or results are "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "forecast," "estimate," and "intend," among others. These forward-looking statements are based on Tonix's current expectations and actual results could differ materially. There are a number of factors that could cause actual events to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, substantial competition; our need for additional financing; uncertainties of patent protection and litigation; uncertainties of government or third party payor reimbursement; limited research and development efforts and dependence upon third parties; and risks related to failure to obtain U.S. Food and Drug Administration clearances or approvals and noncompliance with its regulations. As with any pharmaceutical under development, there are significant risks in the development, regulatory approval and commercialization of new products. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation, even if subsequently made available by the Company on its website or otherwise. Tonix does not undertake an obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by law. Investors should read the risk factors set forth in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 3, 2016, and future periodic reports filed with the SEC on or after the date hereof. All of the Company's forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by all such risk factors and other cautionary statements.



Developing innovative medicines for large and growing markets

Targeting common central nervous system disorders

- One clinical-stage proprietary candidate targeting posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD)
- Differentiated product with potential for sustainable competitive advantages
- PTSD Phase 2 trial reported May 2016
 - TNX-102 SL1 5.6 mg was active in treating military-related PTSD
 - Serious mental health problem²
 - Planning Phase 3 trial in military-related PTSD
- · All intellectual property owned by Tonix

¹TNX-102 SL (cyclobenzaprine HCl sublingual tablets) is an Investigational New Drug and is not approved for any indication.

2Schnurr, PP et al., Contemporary Clinical Trials 2015;41:75.

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Overview: PTSD program

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- Results from multi-center, double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled Phase 2 trial in militaryrelated PTSD reported May 2016
 - Optimal therapeutic dose identified
 - TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg was active in treating military-related PTSD
 - Reduction in symptoms and disease severity [(Clinician-Administered PTSD Scale) CAPS-5]
 - Improvement in clinical global impression (CGI-I)
 - Improvement in function (Sheehan Disability Scale domains for work/school and social/leisure)
 - Systemic side effects include somnolence, dry mouth, headache and sedation
 - Administrative site reactions were common (transient tongue numbness)
 - Completion rate for TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg was 84% and for placebo was 73%
- Phase 3 program planned
 - U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) acceptance of proposed Phase 3 program at August 2016 EOP2/Pre-Phase 3 meeting
 - TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg is the appropriate dose for confirmatory study
 - An adaptive design Phase 3 study in military-related PTSD similar to AtEase is being planned Q1 2017
 - CAPS-5 enrollment threshold will be changed from ≥ 29 to ≥ 33
- Potential for Breakthrough Therapy Designation



Tonix is developing TNX-102 SL for PTSD

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- Advanced sublingual tablet containing low-dose cyclobenzaprine (CBP)
 - Designed for daily bedtime administration with no titration
 - Efficient transmucosal absorption
 - Avoidance of first-pass metabolism reduces formation of long-lived metabolite
- TNX-102 SL's pharmacologic action is believed to improve sleep quality
 - Disturbed sleep is a common clinical feature of PTSD
 - TNX-102 SL targets receptors believed to play key roles in sleep physiology
- Phase 2 "AtEase" study was successfully completed in May 2016
- FDA acceptance of Phase 3 proposal and product registration plan in August 2016



PTSD is a chronic stress disorder triggered by a traumatic event

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PTSD is characterized by:

- Re-experiencing the triggering event
- Negative alterations in mood/cognition
- Situation/stimulus avoidance
- Hyperarousal (anxiety, agitation & sleep disturbance)

Considered a stress response, but prolonged and does not resolve with time

 20% of women and 8% of men in the U.S. who experience significant trauma develop PTSD¹

Associated with significant life disruption

- Social isolation, inability to maintain employment, loss of independent living
- Unpredictable acts of violence, suicidal thoughts

1 Kessler et al, Arch Gen Psychiatry 1995;52:1048.



PTSD is a prevalent problem for both civilians and the military

Affects 3.5% (8.5 M) U.S. Adults1

- ~70% are considered to have moderate to severe symptoms
- Of those diagnosed, ~50% utilize professional healthcare (psychotherapy/pharmacotherapy)2

Higher prevalence in military population

- 20% of veterans from recent conflicts will have potential/provisional PTSD3
- ~638,000 veterans with PTSD in the Veterans Affairs (VA) health system (2012)4
- Majority are male
- Alcohol and substance abuse are common

⁴Bowe et al, J Dual Diagnosis 2015;11:22.



¹Kessler RC at al, Arch Gen Psychiatry 2005;62:617; U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 Projection.

²Wang et al, Arch Gen Psychiatry 2005;62:629.
³Report on VA Facility Specific Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF), Operation Iraqi Freedom (OIF), and Operation New Dawn (OND) Veterans Diagnosed with Potential or Provisional PTSD.

Limitations of current FDA-approved pharmacotherapies for military-related PTSD

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- No treatment response observed in U.S. military population
 - Sertraline: negative large multi-center trial in U.S. military veterans1
 - Placebo numerically superior on CAPS-2
 - Paroxetine: not studied in military population
- Inconsistent treatment response observed in males
 - Sertraline: FDA-conducted post-hoc analysis concluded no effect for male civilian subgroup²
 - Paroxetine: no gender-related difference in treatment outcome3
- Important tolerability considerations with SSRIs in this population
 - Sexual dysfunction
 - Insomnia

SSRI: Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitor.

¹Friedman MJ et al. J Clin Psychiatry 2007;68:711-20.

²Zoloft® Package Insert, Pfizer, August 2014.

³ Paxil® Package Insert, Glaxo, June 2014.

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Phase 2 AtEase study of TNX-102 SL in PTSD

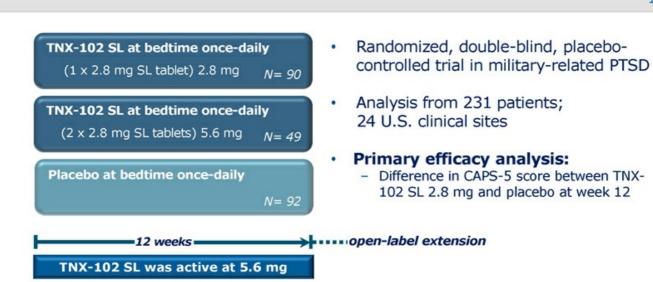
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AtEase Study

- · Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial
- DSM-5 diagnostic criteria for PTSD
- 231* participants studied 2:1:2 at 24 U.S. sites
 - 1 x TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg tablet: 2 x TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg tablets: placebo
- Evaluated the Clinician Administered PTSD Scale for DSM-5 (CAPS-5) as primary endpoint
 - Pre-specified primary analysis was 2.8 mg dose

*Modified intent-to-treat (mITT) population





Enrolled patients with baseline CAPS-5 \geq 29



Key Demographics / Characteristics of AtEase

- · 93% of the patients were male
- · 98% had trauma during military service and were deployed on average 2.3 times
- · Mean time since index trauma was 7 years
- · Race and ethnicity generally consistent with U.S. military distribution
- Similar baseline CAPS-5 scores and MADRS¹ scores across treatment arms
 - Average CAPS-5 scores were greater than 39 for all groups ('severe' PTSD2)

¹Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale ²personal communication – Frank Weathers PhD, National Center for PTSD



AtEase results on key clinical endpoints

TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg compared to placebo

CategoryEndpoint – week 12¹p valuePTSD SymptomsCAPS-5 (MMRM with MI)0.031Global improvementCGI-I (Logistic Regression)0.041Arousal and reactivityCAPS-5 cluster (MMRM)0.048Sleep QualityCAPS-5 sleep (MMRM)0.010

p < 0.05 → statistically significant

AtEase pre-specified primary analysis:

change from baseline at week 12 mean CAPS-5 score on 2.8 mg (p=0.259, MMRM)

- · MMRM with MI: Mixed-effect Model Repeated Measures with Multiple Imputation
- CAPS-5: Clinician Administered PTSD Scale-5
- · CGI-I: Clinical Global Impression- Improvement

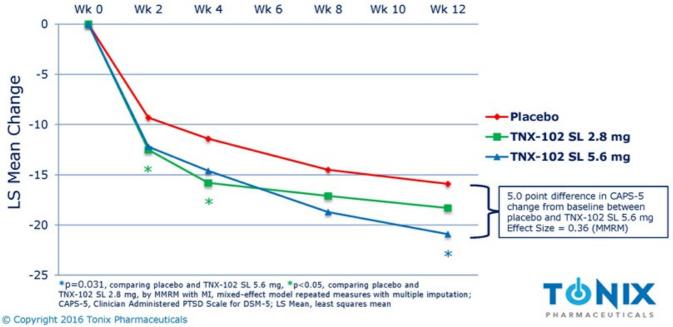
¹Modified Intent-to-treat analysis, N=231 (TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg N=90, TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg N= 49, placebo N=92).



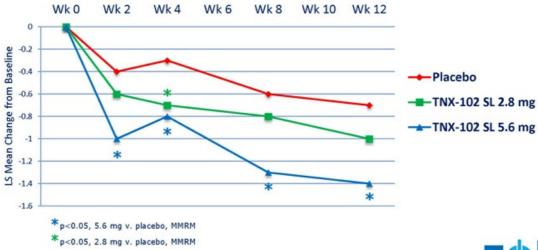
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Change from baseline

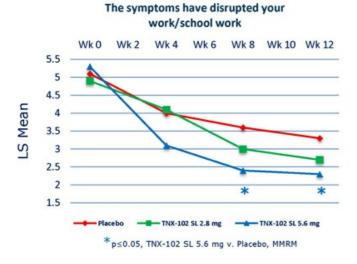




AtEase study results: Sheehan Disability Scale

Sheehan Disability Scale - Work/School & Social Leisure Domains





social/leisure activities Wk 4 Wk 6 Wk 8 Wk 10 Wk 12 7.5 7 6.5 6 5.5 5 4.5 4 3.5 3 2.5 TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg *p<0.05, TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg v. Placebo, MMRM

The symptoms have disrupted your

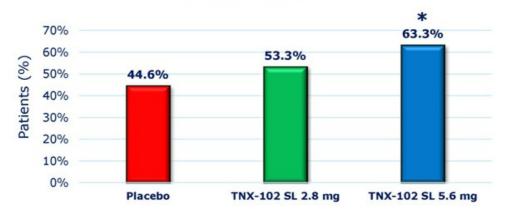
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AtEase study results: Clinical Global Impression

Clinical Global Impression - Improvement Scale

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Responders



*p=0.041, Logistic regression comparing placebo and TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg Responders are those rated as "much improved" or "very much improved"



TNX-102 SL safety and tolerability profile in the AtEase study

No serious adverse events reported with TNX-102 SL deemed related to treatment

Systemic Adverse Events*	Placebo (N=94)	TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg (N=93)	TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg (N=50)	Total TNX-102 SL (N=143)	
Somnolence	Somnolence 6.4%		16.0%	13.3%	
Dry Mouth	10.6%	4.3%	16.0%	8.4%	
Headache	4.3%	5.4%	12.0% 7.7%		
Insomnia	8.5%	7.5%	6.0%	7.0%	
Sedation	1.1%	2.2%	12.0%	5.6%	
Administration Site Reaction	s*				
Hypoaesthesia oral	2.1%	38.7%	36.0% 37.8%		
Paraesthesia	3.2%	16.1%	4.0% 11.9%		
Glossodynia	1.1%	3.2%	6.0% 4.2%		

Trial completion rates: 73% placebo; 79% TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg; 84% TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg



^{*}at rates of >5% in either drug-treated arm, Safety population N=237

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- CAPS-5 has not been employed previously in a pharmacotherapy trial; entry severity threshold not clear; ≥ 29 used in the Phase 2 AtEase study
- Prior pharmacotherapy trials in PTSD using earlier versions of CAPS with different scoring range have most frequently used a score of ≥ 50 for entry (similar to CAPS-5 ≥ 33¹)
- Analysis of patients with CAPS-5 ≥ 33 showed an effect size of 0.53 on mean change from baseline at Week 12 in TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg group (see figure on next slide)

¹Sullivan, Gregory, et al. "The AtEase Study: Efficacy and Safety of a Low Dose, Bedtime, Sublingual Formulation of Cyclobenzaprine (TNX-102 SL) for the Treatment of Military-Related PTSD." Poster session presented at: Military Health System Research Symposium (MHSRS) 2016 Annual Meeting; 2016 Aug 15-18; Kissimmee, FL. URL: http://bit.ly/2bFo4mx



CAPS-5 mean change from baseline for entry CAPS ≥ 33

Retrospective subset analysis of patients with entry CAPS-5 ≥ 33

Wk 0 Wk 2 Wk4 Wk6 Wk8 Wk 10 Wk 12 0.0 --- Placebo -5.0 -TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg **★**TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg -10.0 LS Mean (SE) -15.0 6.8 point difference in CAPS-5 change from baseline between placebo and TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg Effect Size = 0.53 -20.0 -25.0-30.0 *p<0.025, comparing 5.6 mg group with placebo, MMRM *p=0.029, comparing 2.8 mg group with placebo, MMRM

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Comparing CAPS-5 Severity Entry Criteria ≥ 33 and ≥ 29

 Table shows the significance levels and effect sizes of the CAPS-5 cluster scores, comparing TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg and placebo, using a CAPS-5 baseline entry criterion of ≥ 33 and the per protocol threshold of ≥ 29

	CAPS-	iteria of 5 ≥ 33	Entry criteria of CAPS-5 ≥ 29 5.6 mg (N=49) vs Placebo (N=92)		
	5.6 mg (N=38) vs	s Placebo (N=77)			
CAPS-5 Cluster	Effect Size	P-value*	Effect Size	P-value*	
Cluster B (Intrusion)	0.46	0.026	0.26	0.161	
Cluster C (Avoidance)	0.12	0.522	0.04	0.963	
Cluster D (Mood/Cognitions)	0.39	0.065	0.35	0.062	
Cluster E (Arousal & Reactivity)	0.52	0.012	0.35	0.048	

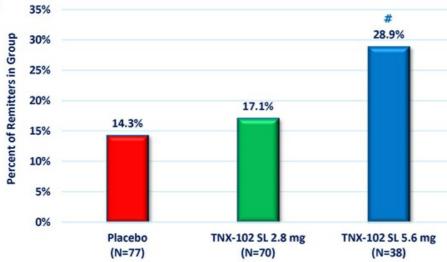
^{*} MMRM, mixed-effects model repeated measures



Rate of remission from PTSD in each treatment arm

Retrospective subset analysis of patients with entry CAPS-5 ≥ 33

- · Remission is defined as CAPS-5 score <11 at week 12
- Trend for greater rate in TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg versus placebo in entry CAPS-5 ≥ 33 sample





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- This Phase 2 trial is the first large multi-center trial of an investigational new drug product that demonstrated efficacy in a population with military-related PTSD
 - Symptom reduction (CAPS-5)
 - Functional improvement (Sheehan Disability Scale domains)
 - Global improvement (CGI-I)
- Early effects on sleep and hyperarousal are consistent with the mechanistic hypothesis of TNX-102 SL primary actions on sleep disturbance and autonomic balance
- Systemic side effects included include somnolence, dry mouth, headache and sedation; local reactions to sublingual TNX-102 SL administration were common (transient tongue numbness)
- A post-hoc analysis suggested that enrolling patients with a higher CAPS-5 score (≥ 33) would be similar to the entry criteria used in the registration studies supporting the approval of the marketed PTSD drug products
 - Same post-hoc analysis revealed a larger separation from placebo in the subset of patients with baseline CAPS-5 ≥ 33 at weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12
 - Phase 3 program will use CAPS-5 ≥ 33 as enrollment threshold



To confirm AtEase finding in military-related PTSD:

- Larger adaptive design study
- Targeting start in Q1 2017

TNX-102 SL once-daily at bedtime 8.6 mg $8.6 \text{ mg$

-12 weeks

* First interim analysis

General Study Characteristics:

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, entrance CAPS-5 ≥ 33
- At least one unblinded interim analyses (IA)
- First IA (N ~180) for efficacy stop, futility or sample size adjustment
- Potential to enroll 550 patients
- Approximately 25 U.S. clinical sites

Primary Efficacy Endpoint:

 Mean change from baseline in total CAPS-5 at Week 12 compared between TNX-102 SL 5.6 mg and placebo

> First IA topline data anticipated 2H 2017



Wholly-owned by Tonix with no obligations to others

TNX-102 SL

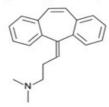
- Composition-of-matter (eutectic)
 - Patents filed
 - Protection expected to 2034
- Pharmacokinetics (PK)
 - Patents filed
 - Protection expected to 2033
- Method-of-use
 - PTSD: patents filed



TNX-102 SL: active pharmaceutical ingredient

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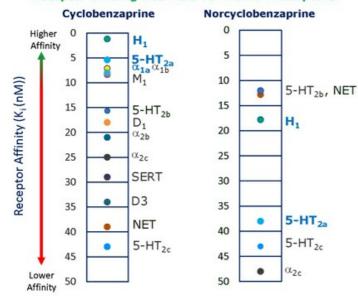
 Cyclobenzaprine is a tricyclic molecule that binds to a number of central nervous system (CNS) receptor types



- Highest affinity for three receptors believed to have a role in treating sleep disturbances
 - 5-HT_{2A} receptor
 - α_1 adrenergic receptor
 - H₁ receptor



Receptor Binding Dot Plots for Human Receptors



Undesirable Characteristics of Norcyclobenzaprine (nCBP)

- Half-life (t_{1/2}) of 72 hours (will accumulate)
- At steady-state, projected similar exposure day and night
- Distinct receptor binding profile less selective for target receptors
- Potential undesirable off-target functional activities

Bold Blue: Target receptors

Black: Off-target receptors

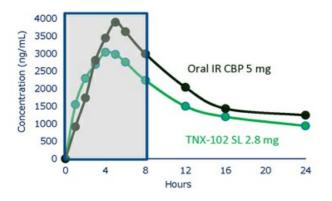


TNX-102 SL single-dose PK study

TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg PK profile relative to 5 mg oral immediate release (IR) CBP:

CBP: ✓ Rapid absorption for bedtime dosing

- √ Peak concentration (C_{max}) reduced by 20%
- ✓ Maintains t_{max} at ~4 hours

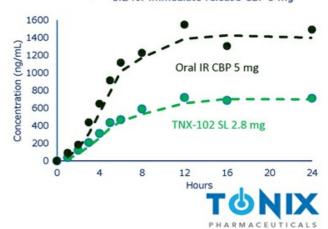


nCBP: ✓ Lower exposure of nCBP by 48%

✓ Higher ratio of CBP relative to nCBP

Ratio of CBP AUC ₀₋₄₈/nCBP AUC ₀₋₄₈:

- 1.9 for TNX-102 SL 2.8 mg
- · 1.2 for immediate release CBP 5 mg



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TNX-102 SL: Pharmacokinetic profile after sublingual route of administration

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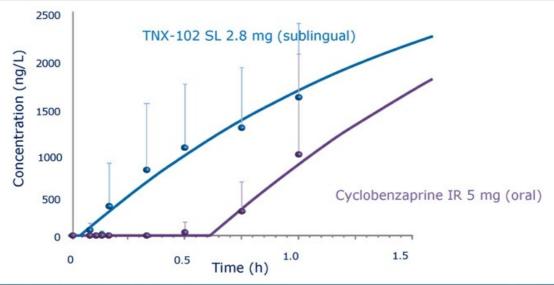
- Very rapid absorption after dosing (measurable in plasma within 3 minutes of administration)
 - Reaching t_{max} at ~4 hours after dosing
 - Approximately 50% of exposure to cyclobenzaprine occurs during first 8 hours
- Avoids first-pass hepatic metabolism to long-lived major metabolite, norcyclobenzaprine
 - Large reduction in exposure to norcyclobenzaprine († 48% AUC₀₋₄₈)
 - Decreased potential for adverse events



Cyclobenzaprine is detected in plasma within minutes following sublingual TNX-102 SL

Plasma Concentration Versus Time of TNX-102 SL Compared to Oral Cyclobenzaprine IR

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Source: U.S. Patent applications 13/918,692 - Transmucosal absorption.



Seth Lederman, MD

President & CEO







Bruce Daugherty, PhD, MBA

Chief Scientific Officer





Gregory Sullivan, MD

Chief Medical Officer



New York State Psychiatric Institute

Bradley Saenger, CPA

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EVP, Commercial Planning & Development







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Donald Landry, MD, PhD Chair of Medicine, Columbia University	Samuel Saks, MD Jazz Pharma, ALZA, Johnson & Johnson



TNX-102 SL - Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

4	December 2015	Entered into Collaborative Research and Development
		Agreement (CRADA) with the United States Army Medical
		Materiel Development Activity (USAMMDA)
V	May 2016	Report results from AtEase study
V	August 2016	End of Phase 2 meeting with FDA
		- Proposed Phase 3 and NDA plan accepted
		- Breakthrough Therapy Designation Request can be
		submitted for review
	Q1 2017	Target commencement of Phase 3 study in military-related PTSD
	2H 2017	Topline data from interim analysis of Phase 3 study in ~180 military-related PTSD patients





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